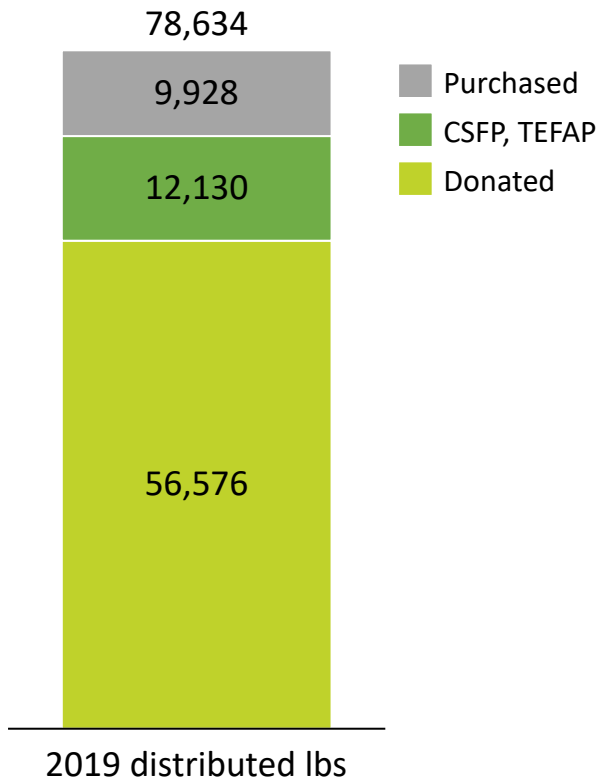


Food supply and demand overview – SHH SA

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs¹

2019 unemployment rate: 3.2%

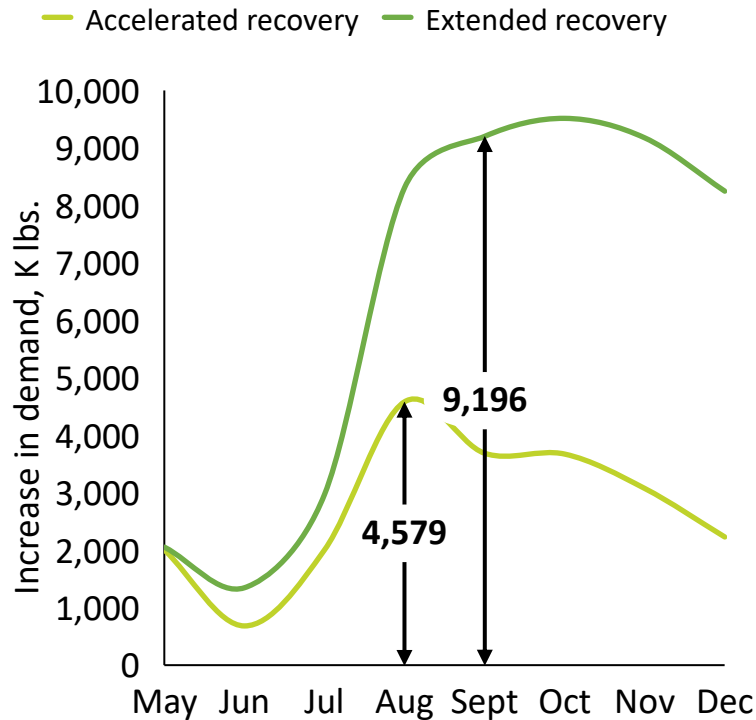
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 6,500 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 8.5-13.6%

May-Dec: 21,900 - 50,700 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We are working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

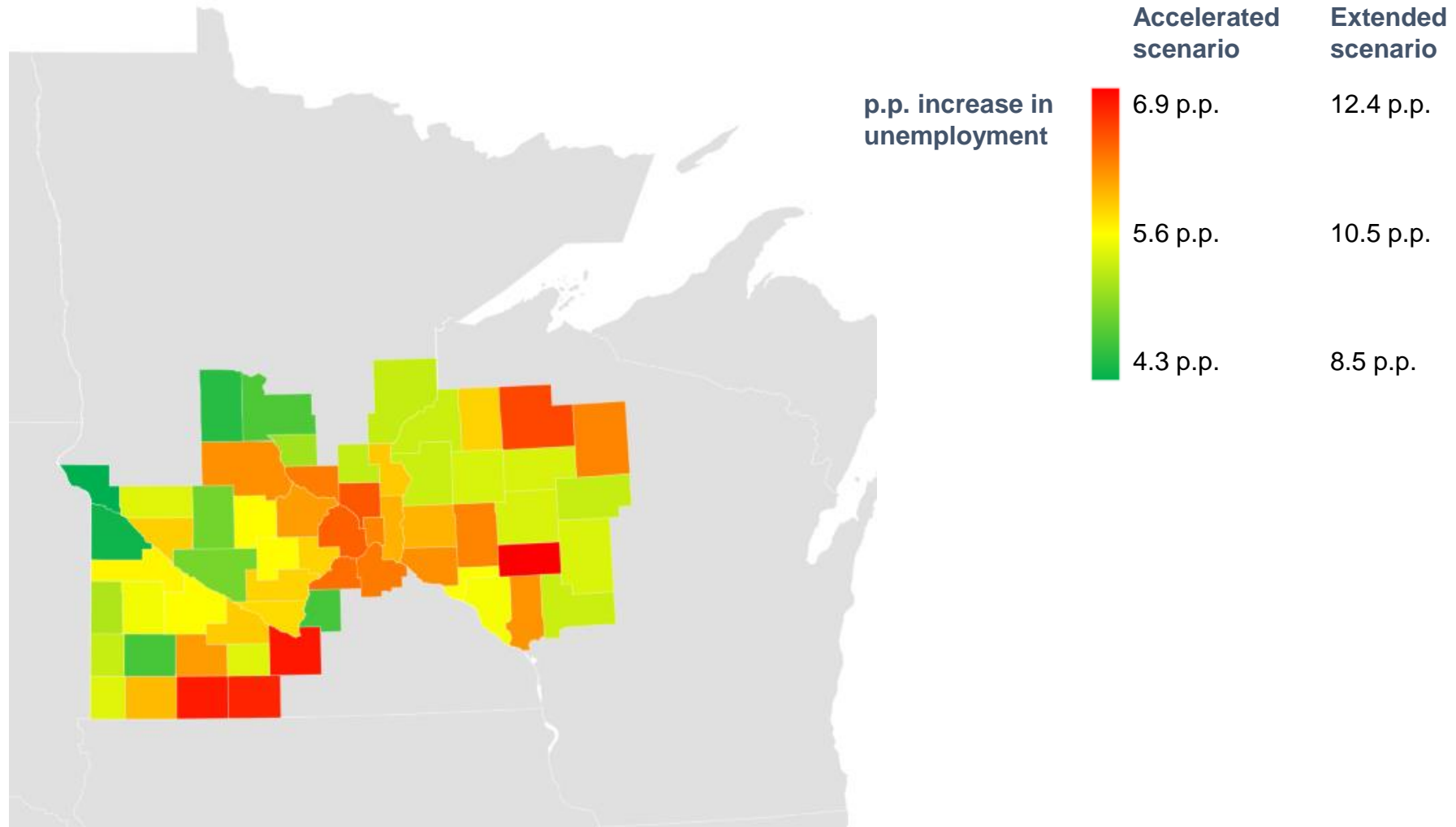
These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

Call to action:

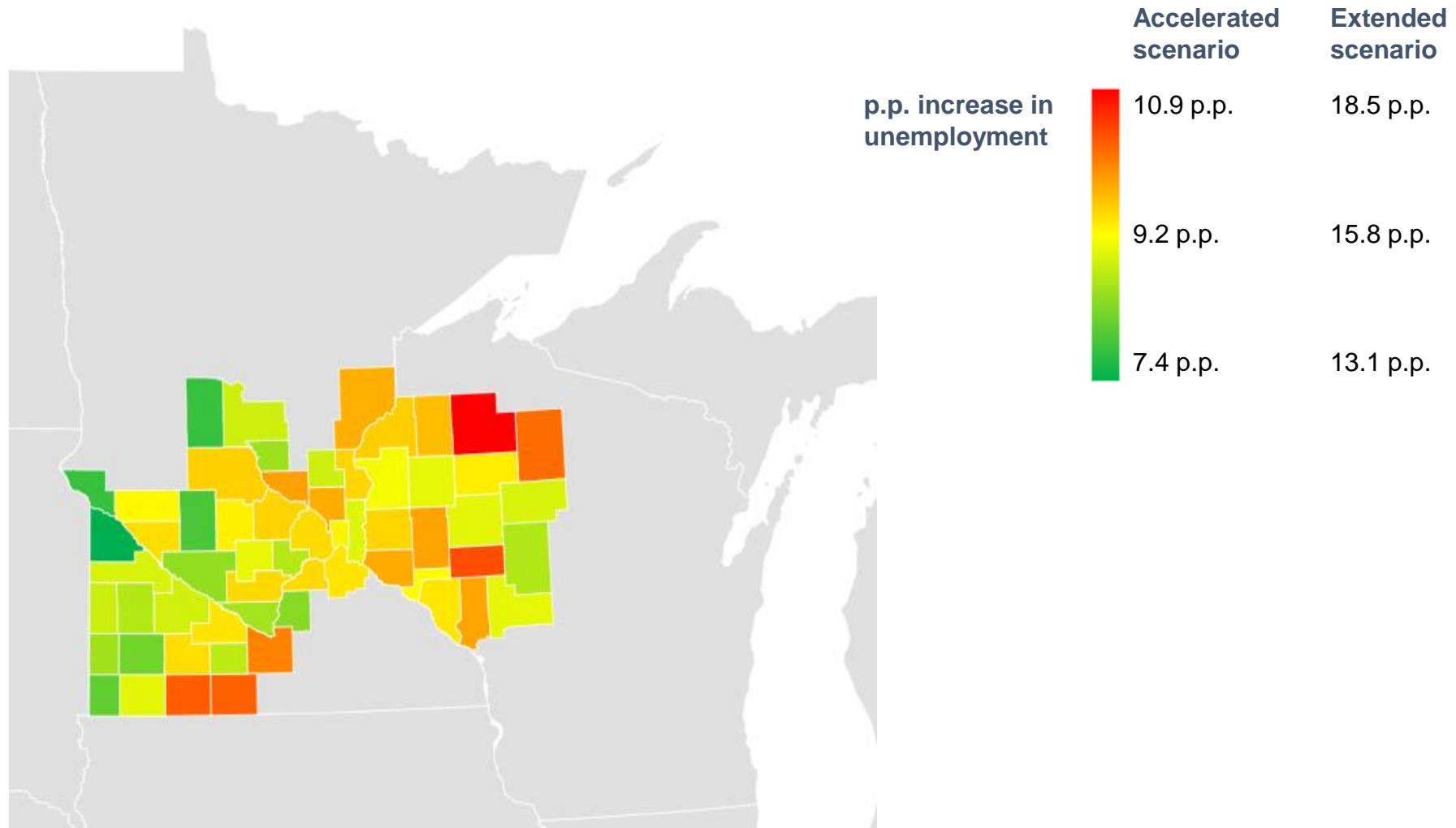
Estimated increases in unemployment by county - 2020

Percentage point increase in unemployment in SHH's service area (2020)



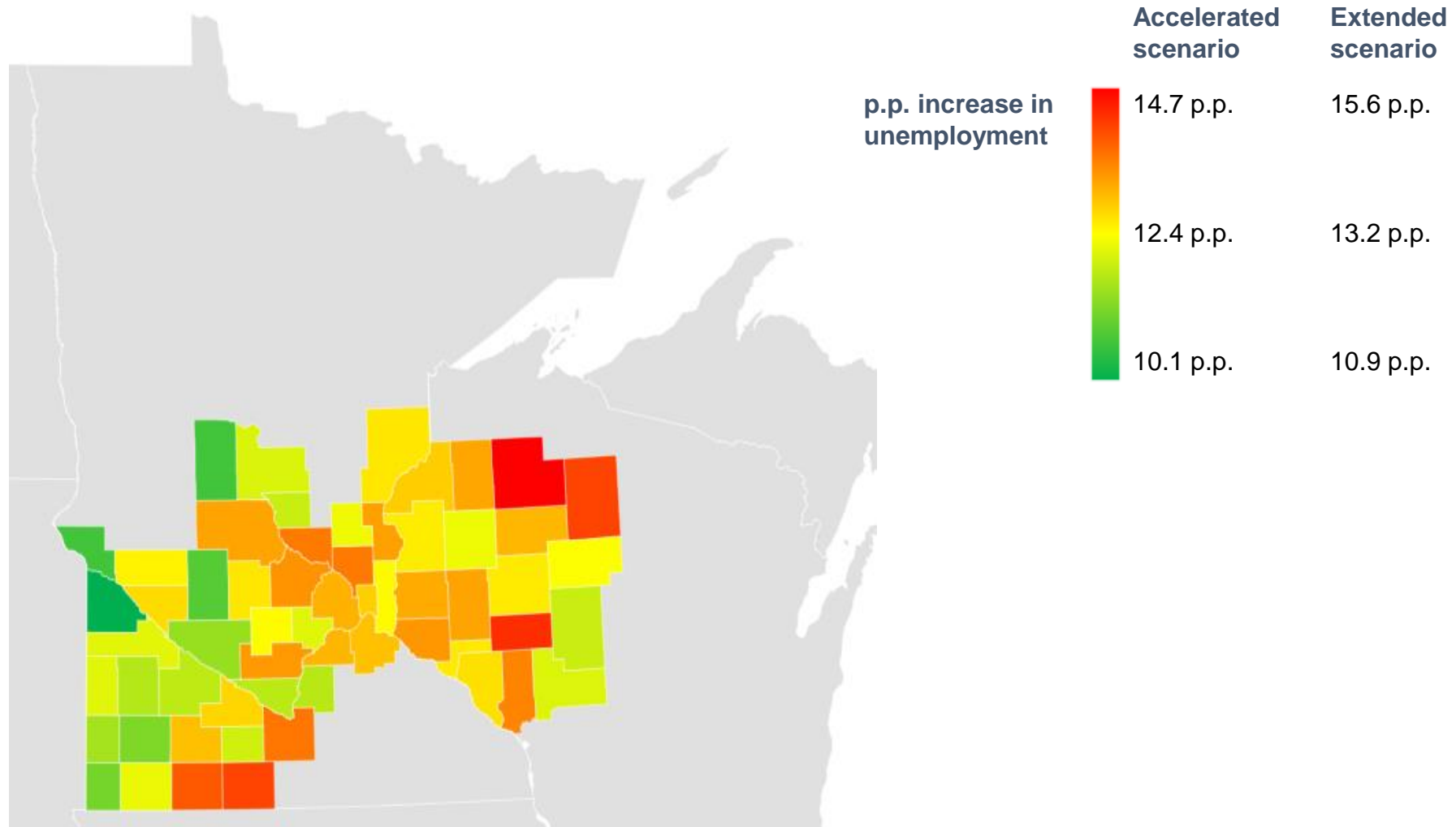
Estimated increases in unemployment by county – May-Dec

Percentage point increase in unemployment in SHH's service area (May-Dec)



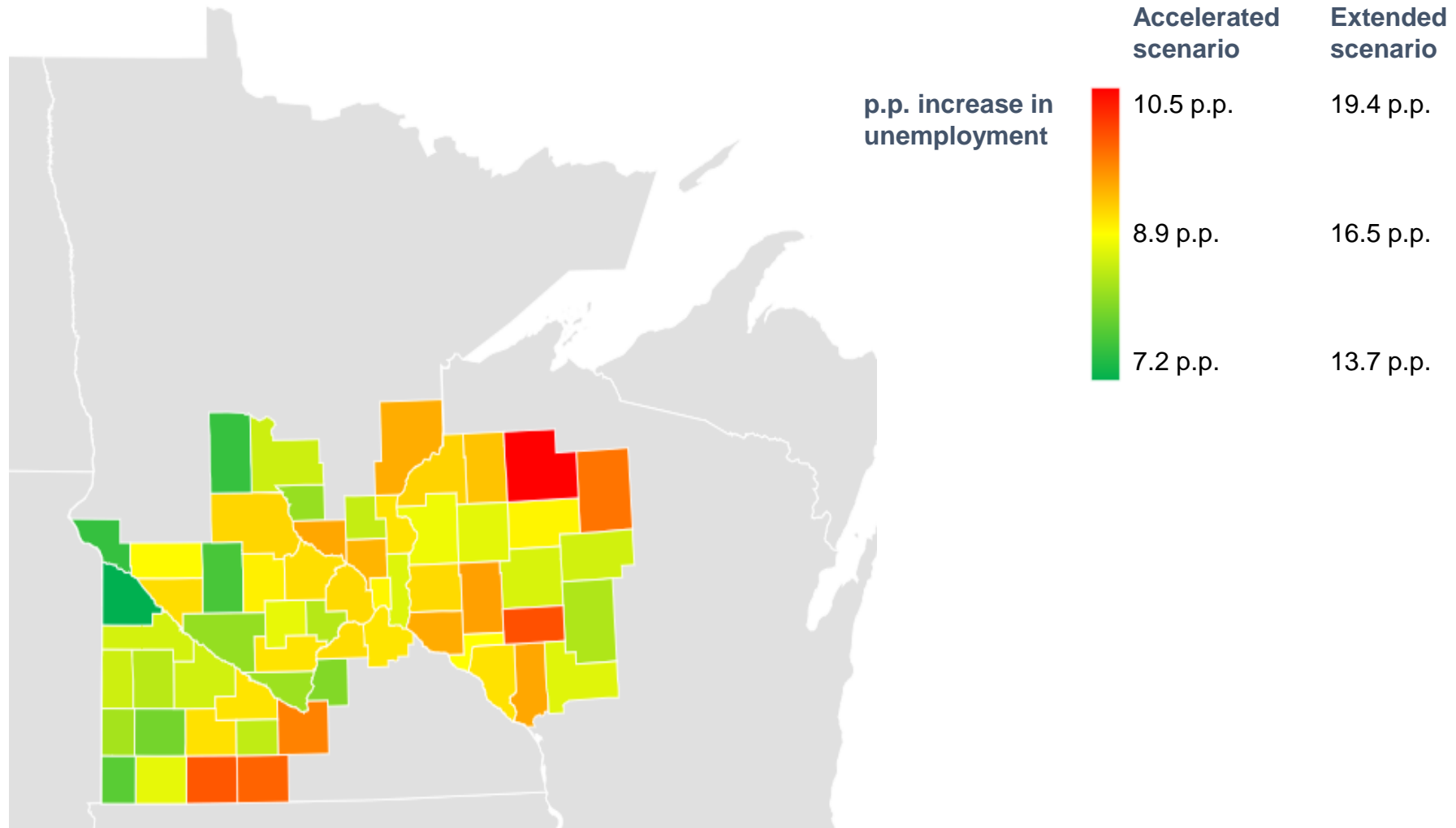
Estimated increases in unemployment by county – Q2 2020

Percentage point increase in unemployment in SHH's service area (Q2 2020)



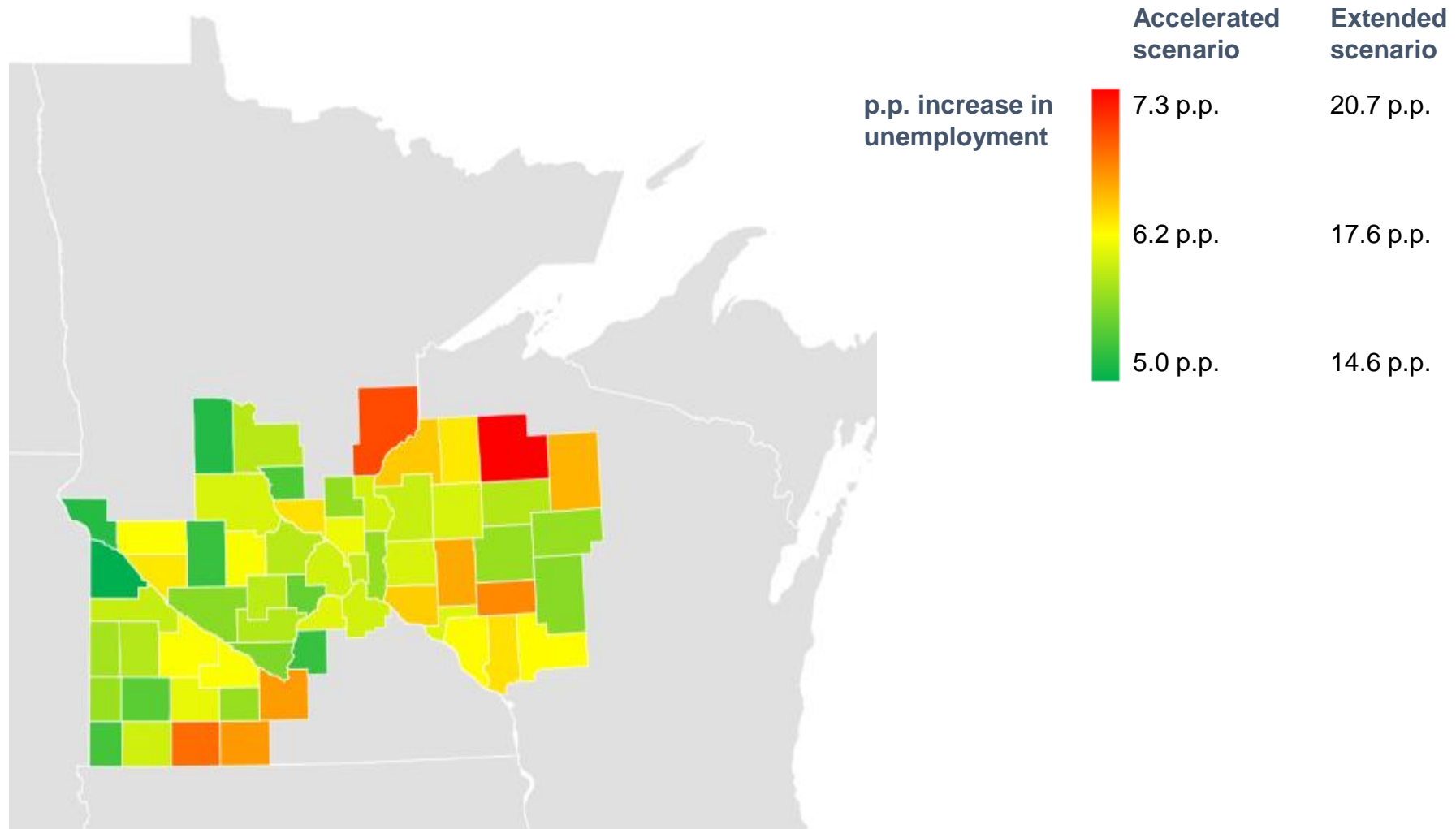
Estimated increases in unemployment by county – Q3 2020

Percentage point increase in unemployment in SHH’s service area (Q3 2020)



Estimated increases in unemployment by county – Q4 2020

Percentage point increase in unemployment in SHH’s service area (Q4 2020)

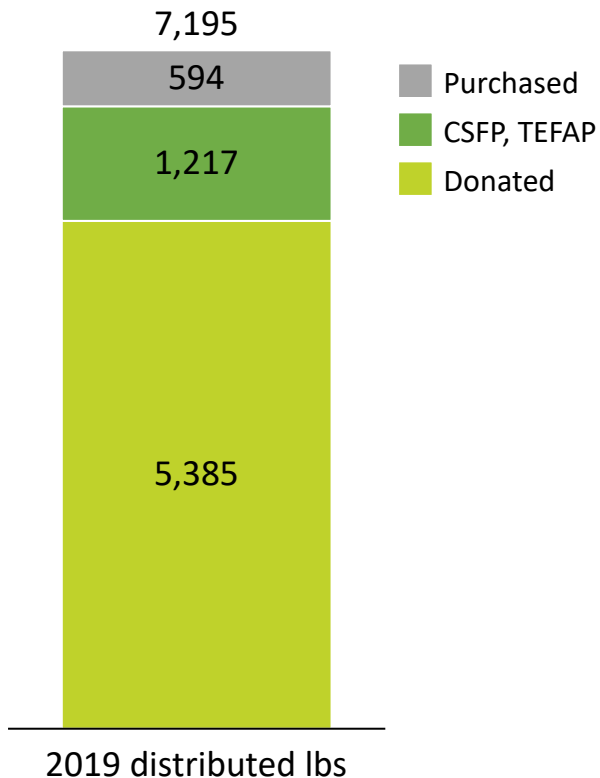


Food supply and demand overview – Anoka

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.3%

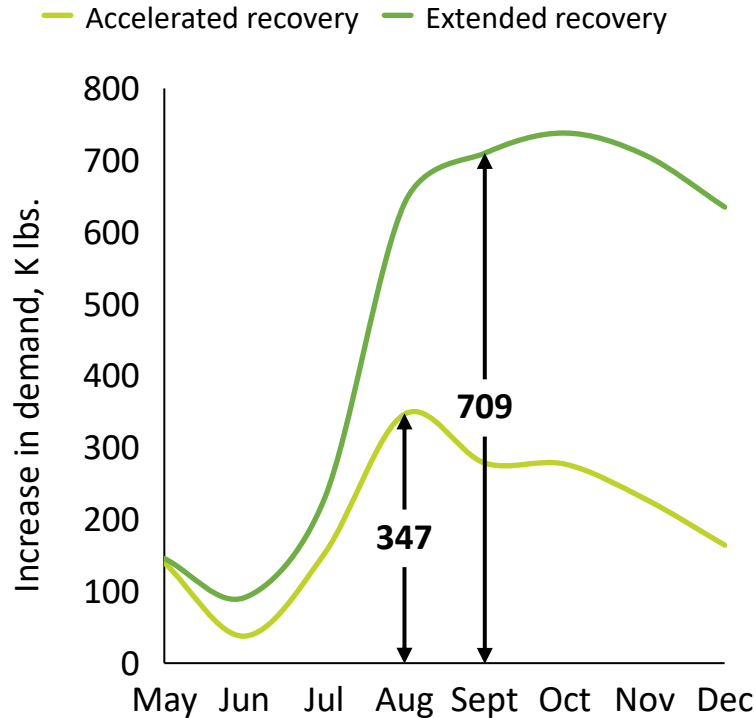
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 610 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.7-15.2%

May-Dec: 1,600 – 3,900 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We are working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

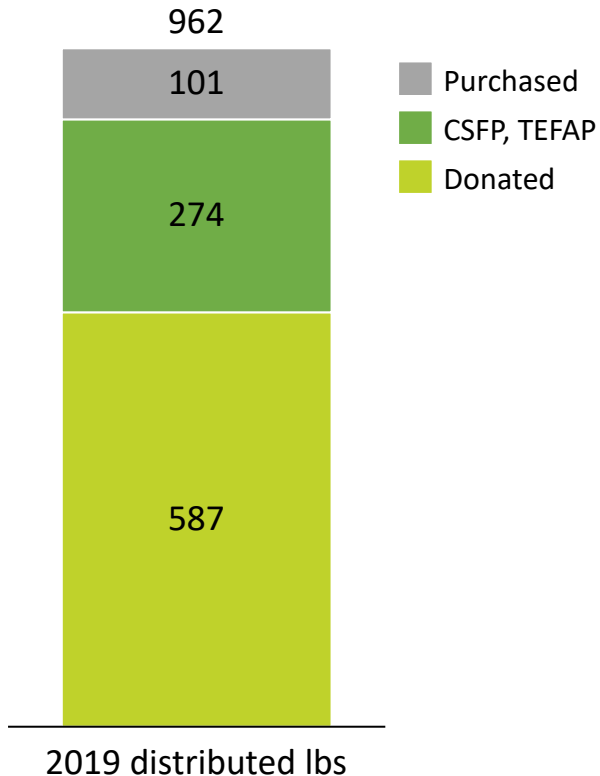
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Benton

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.1%

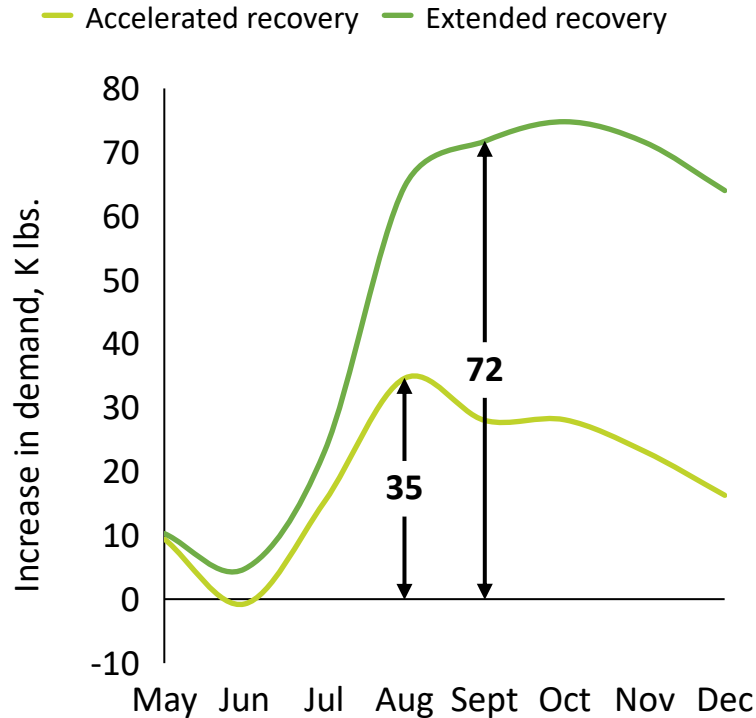
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 80 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.2-15.0%

May-Dec: 150 - 380 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We are working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

Call to action:

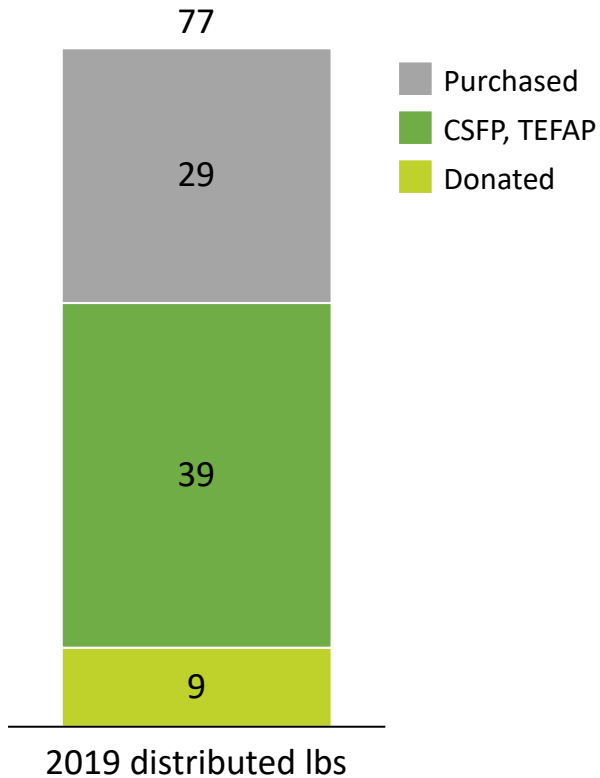
Food supply and demand overview

– Big Stone

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 6.4%

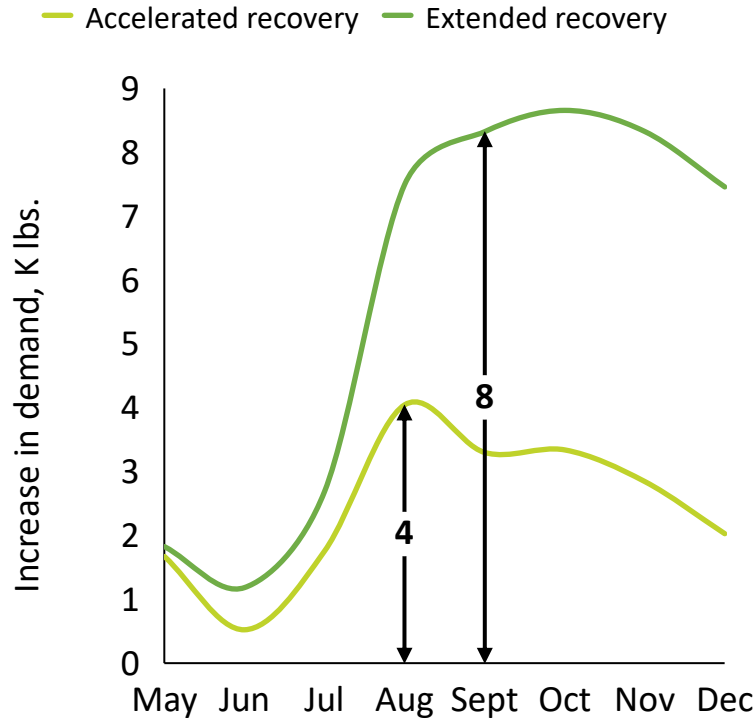
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 7 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.7-15.2%

May-Dec: 20 - 45 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

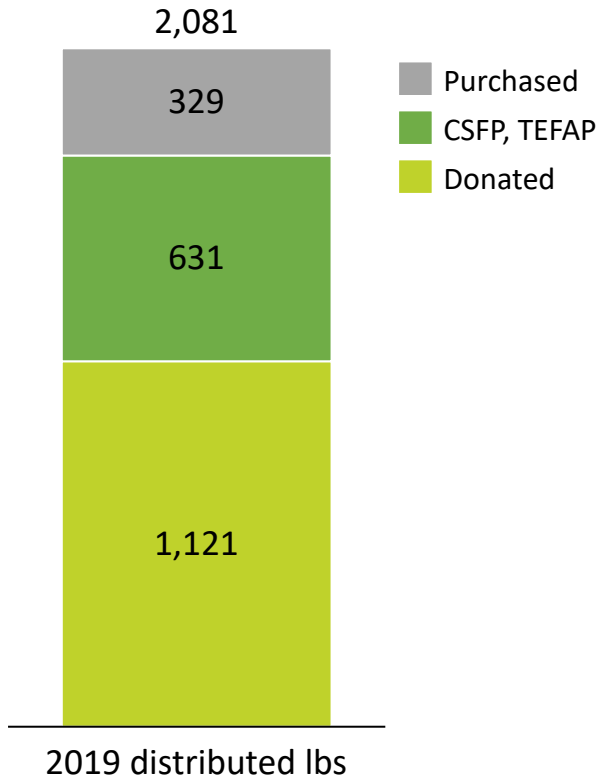
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Blue Earth

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.8%

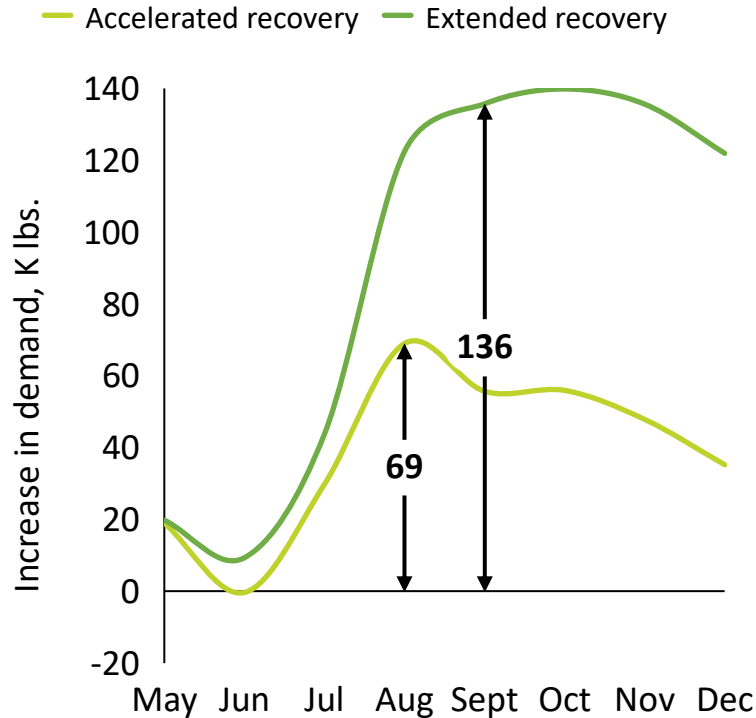
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 170 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.6-14.9%

May-Dec: 310 - 730 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

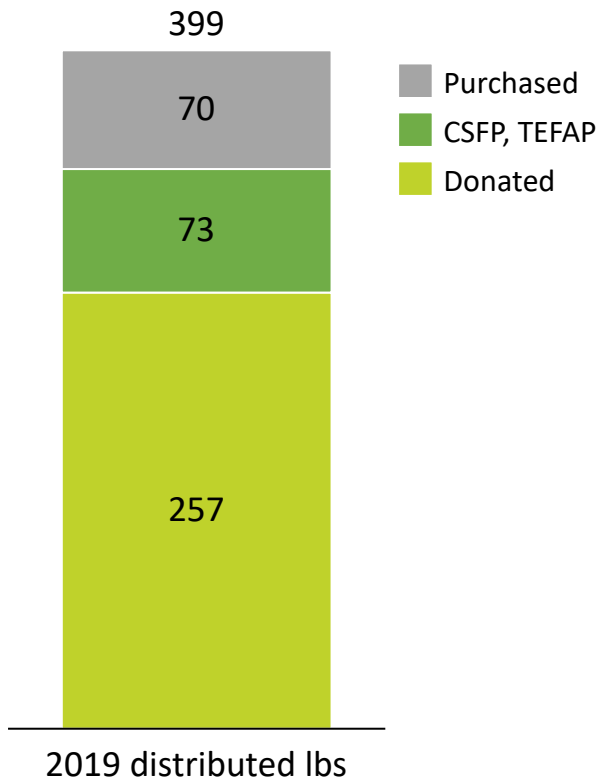
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Brown

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.6%

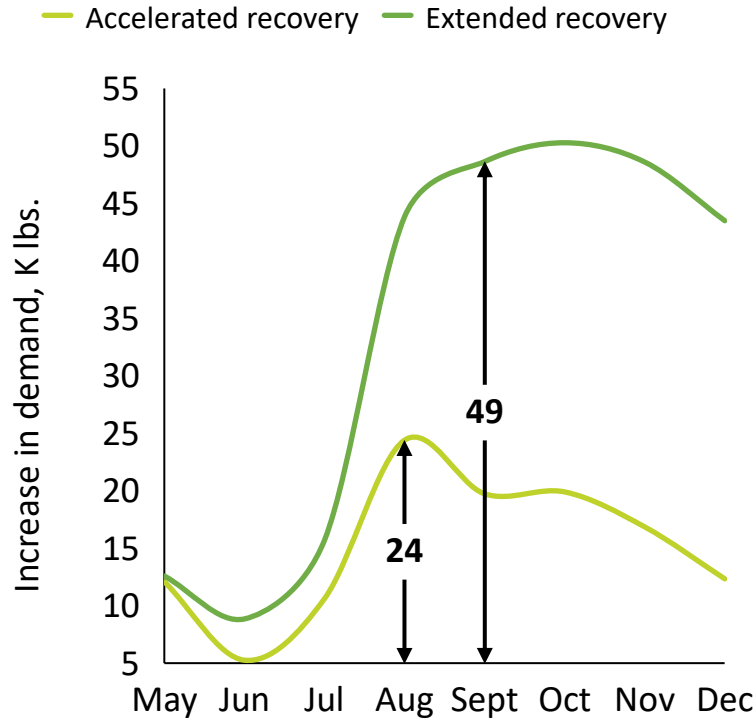
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 30 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.4-15.5%

May-Dec: 120 - 270 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

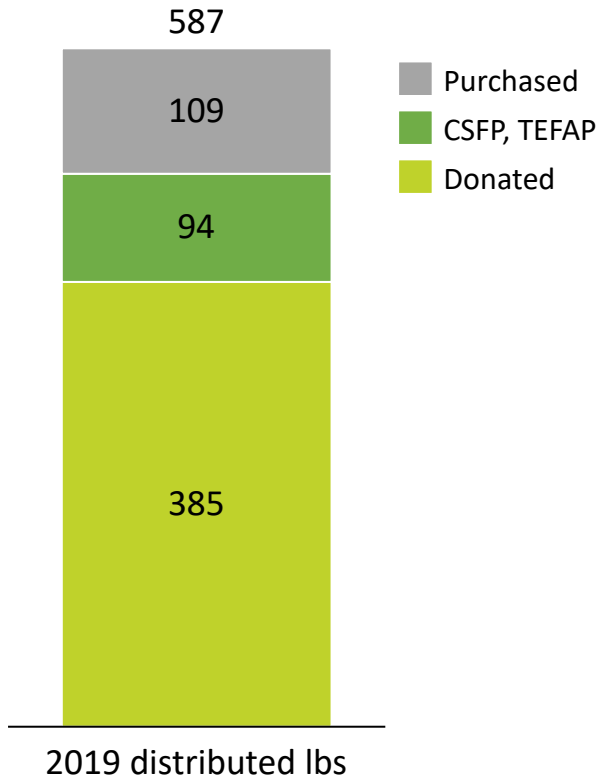
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Carver

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.8%

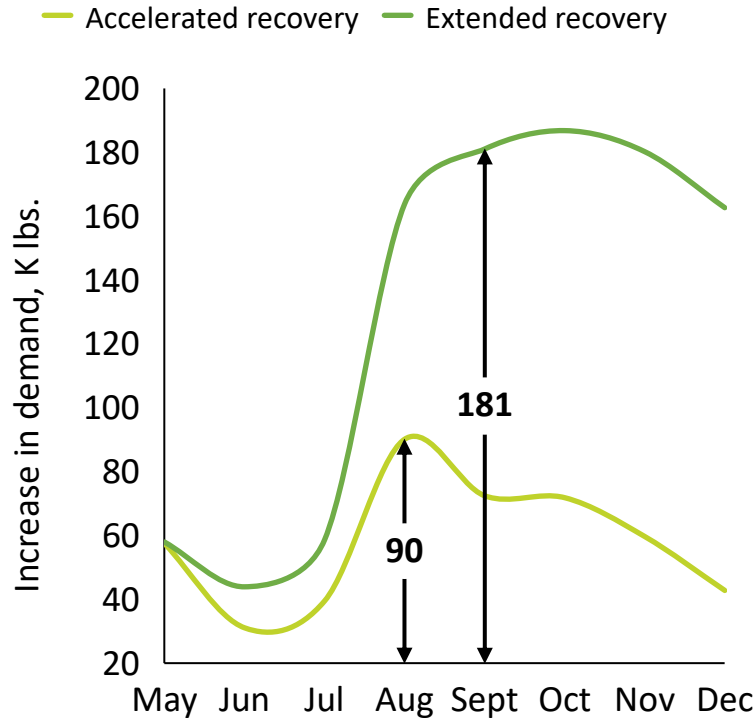
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 50 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 8.6-13.3%

May-Dec: 460 - 1,000 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

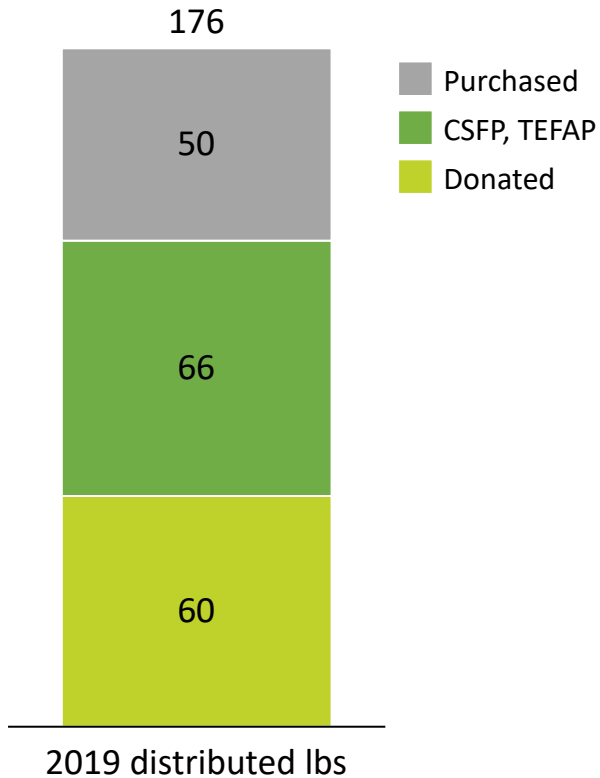
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Chippewa

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.8%

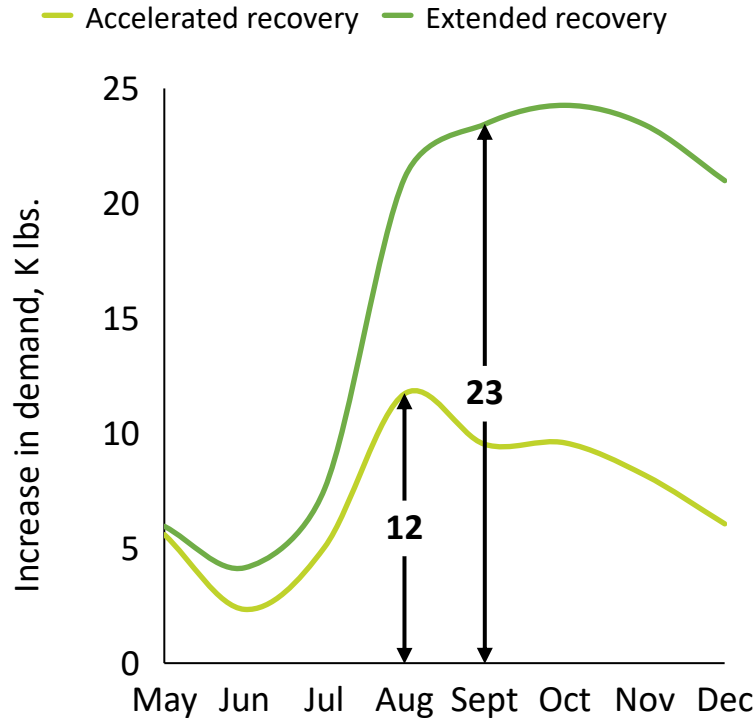
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 10 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.6-15.8%

May-Dec: 60 - 130 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

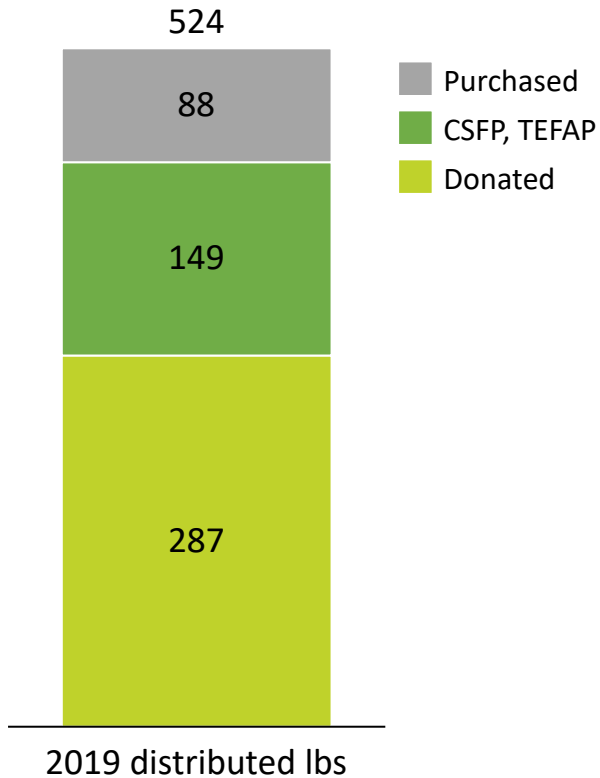
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Chisago

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.9%

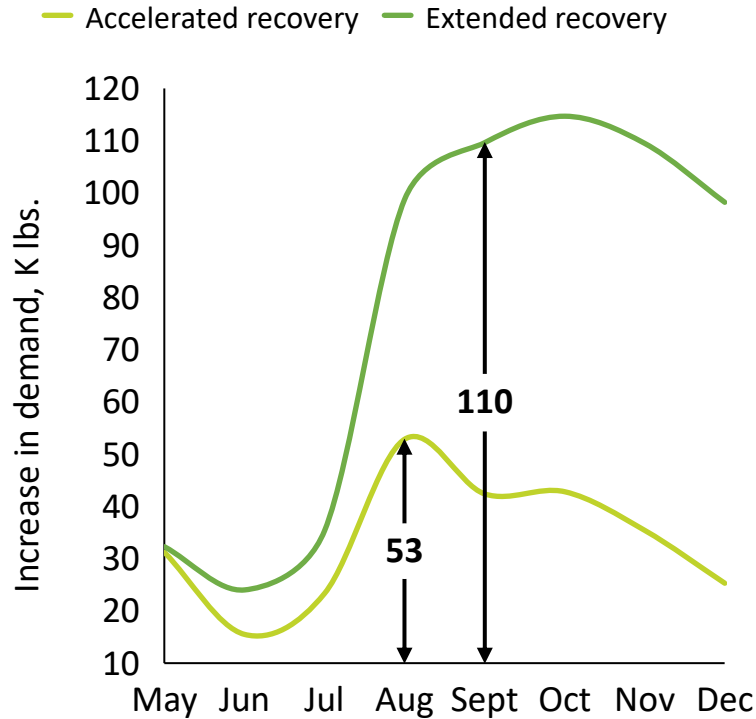
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 40 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.7-16.2%

May-Dec: 270 - 620 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

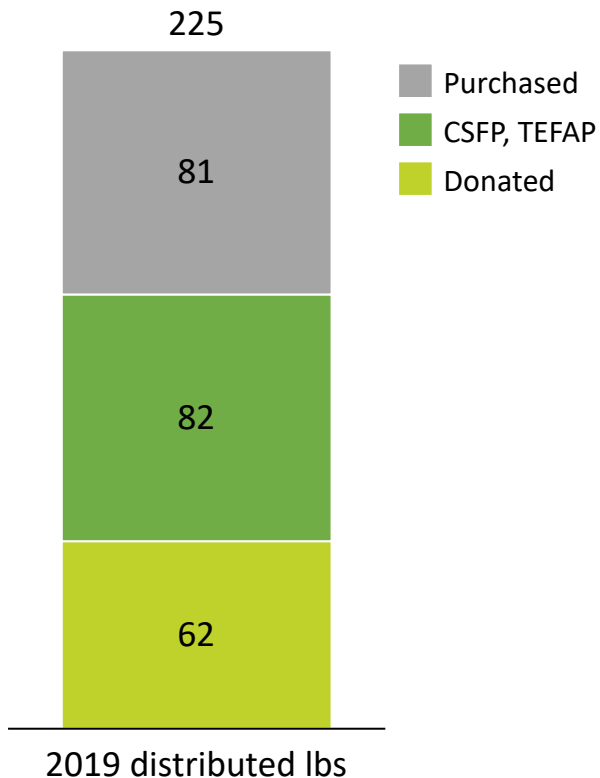
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Cottonwood

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.7%

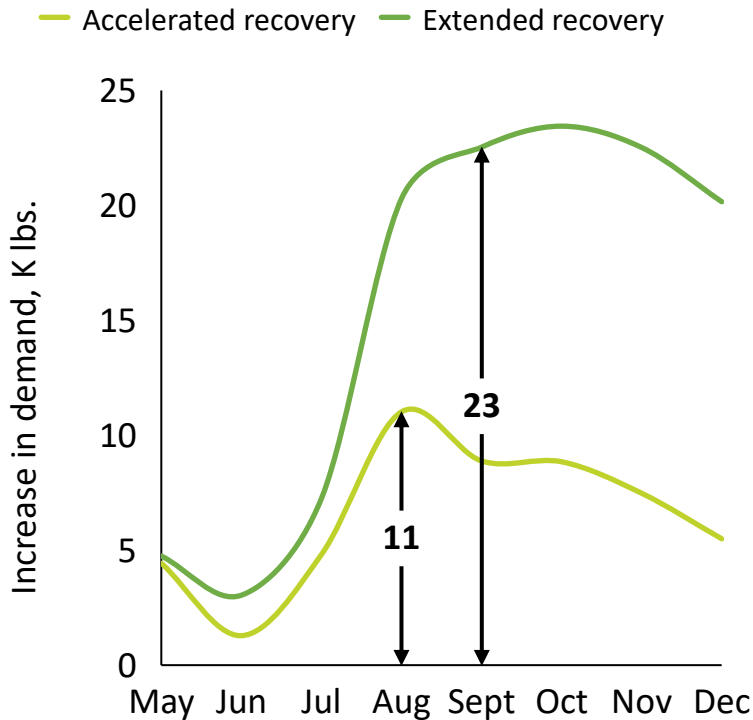
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 20 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.8-15.2%

May-Dec: 50- 120 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

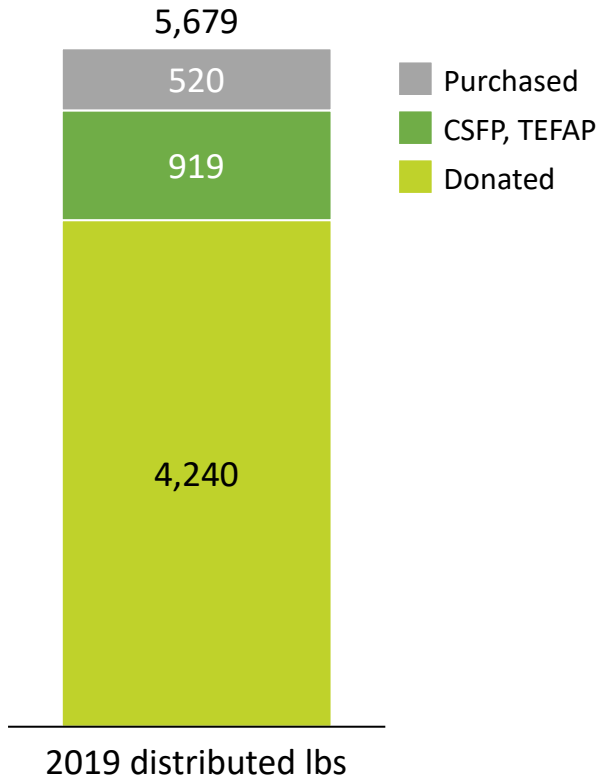
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Dakota

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.9%

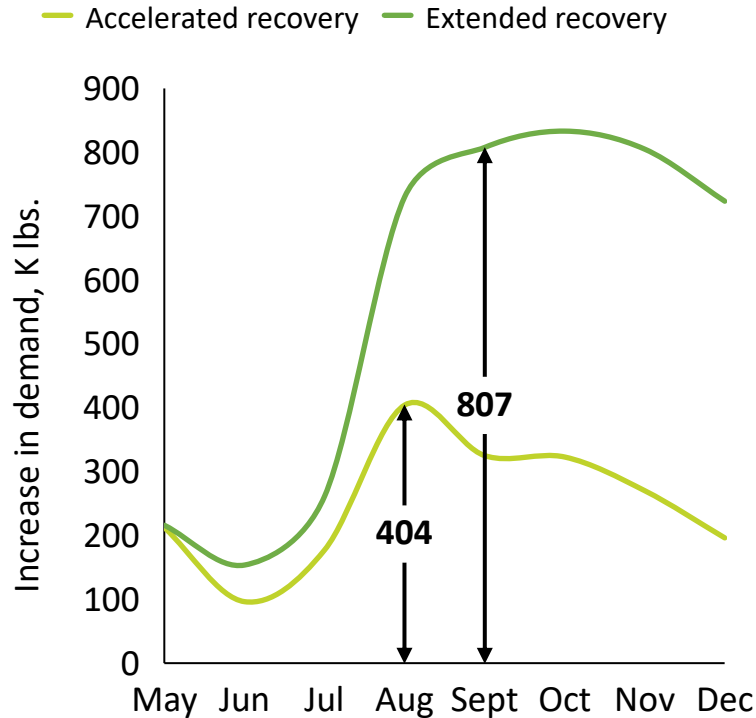
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 470 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.2-14.2%

May-Dec: 2,000 – 4,500K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

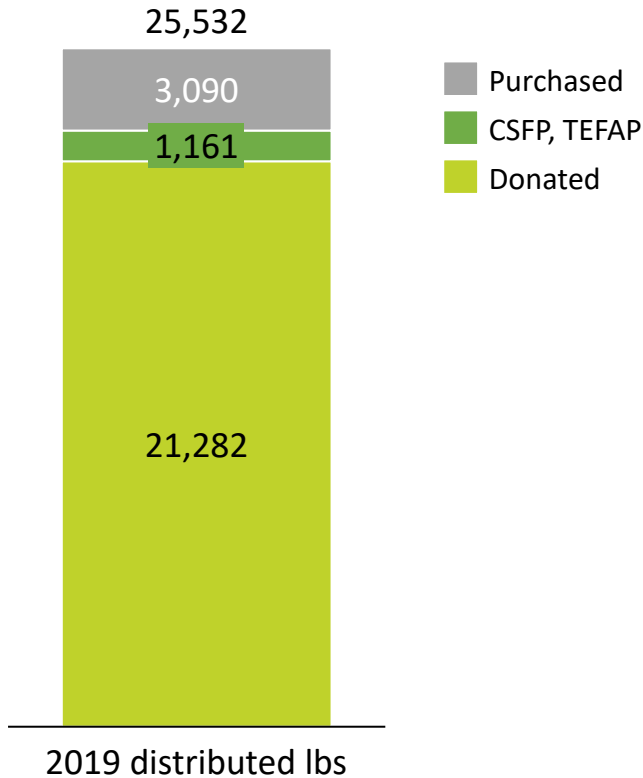
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Hennepin

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.6%

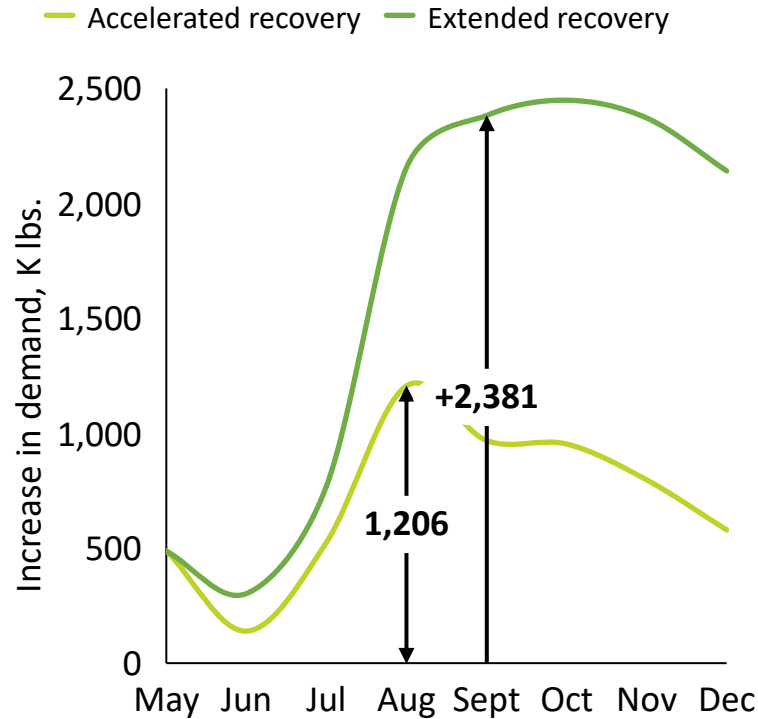
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 2,060 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.0-13.9%

May-Dec: 5,700 – 13,100 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

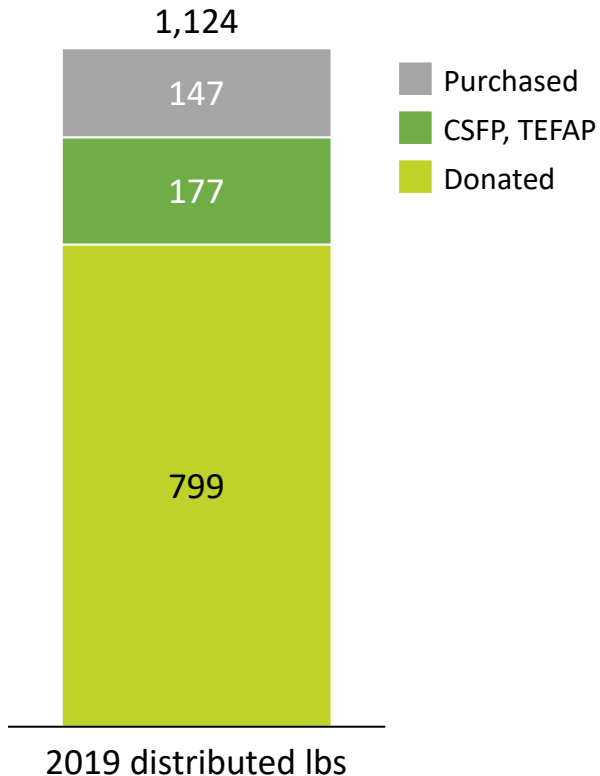
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Isanti

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.4%

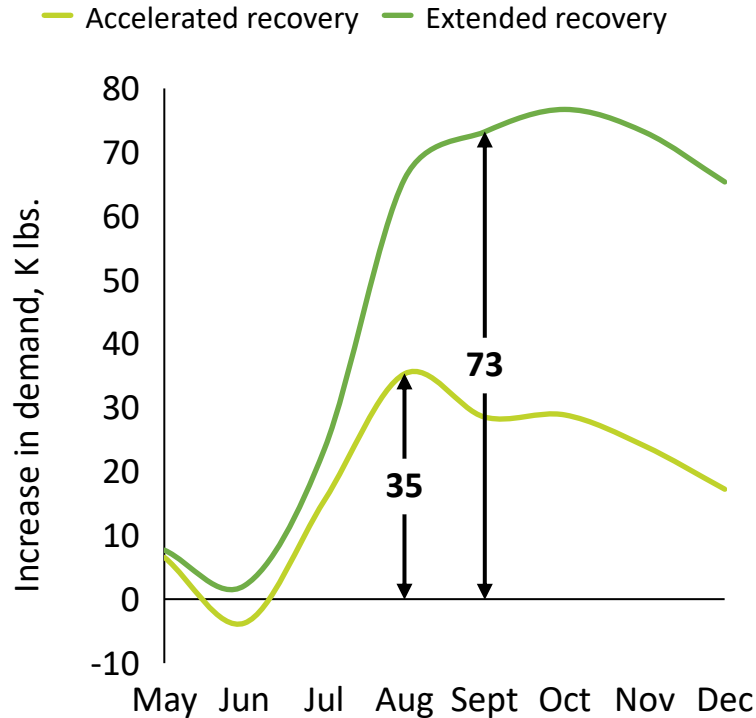
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 94 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.6-15.7%

May-Dec: 150 – 390 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

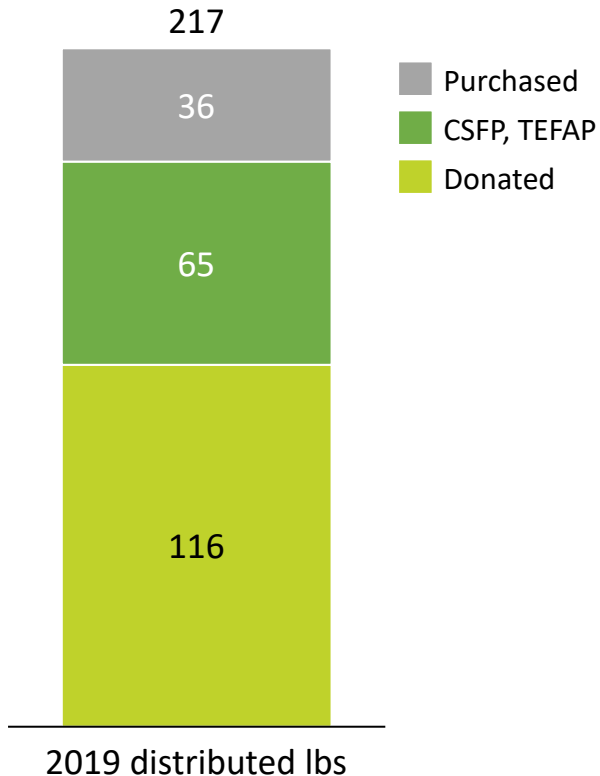
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Jackson, MN

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.6%

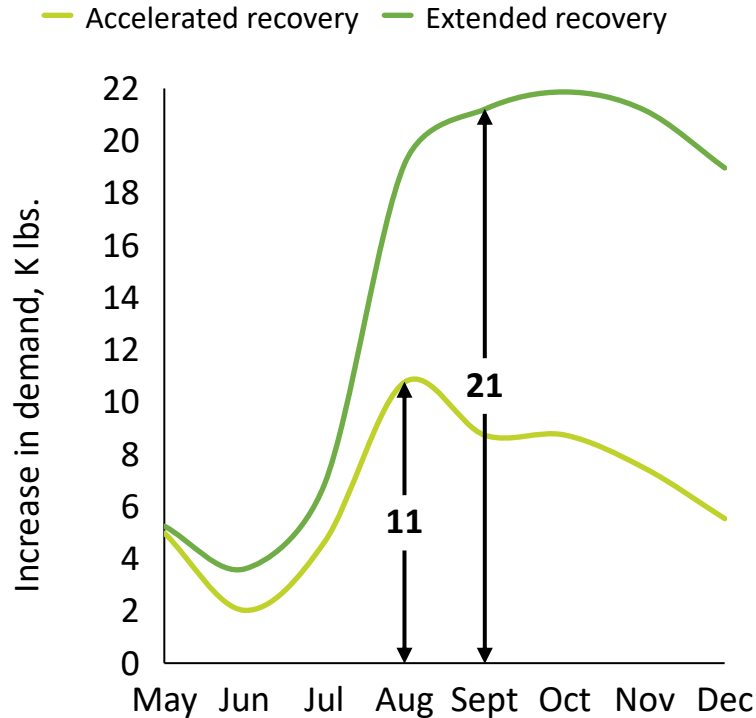
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 20 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.4-15.9%

May-Dec: 50 - 180 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

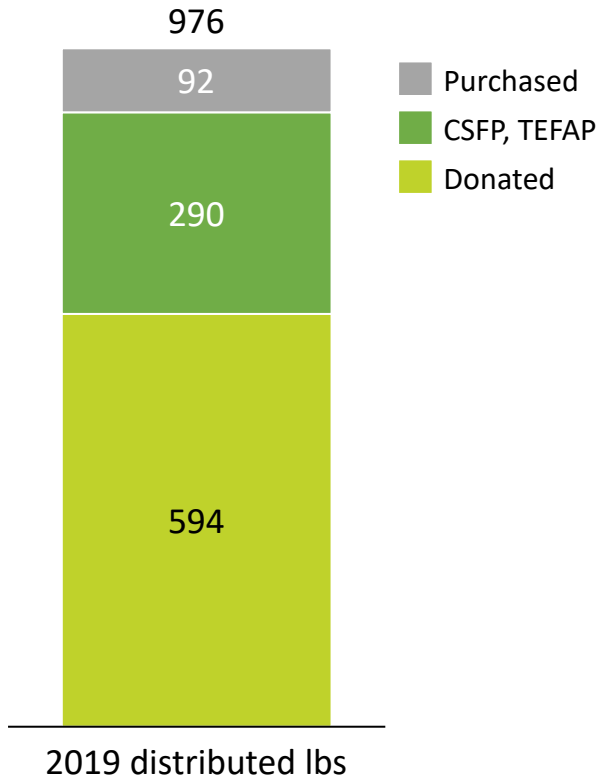
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Kandiyohi

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.4%

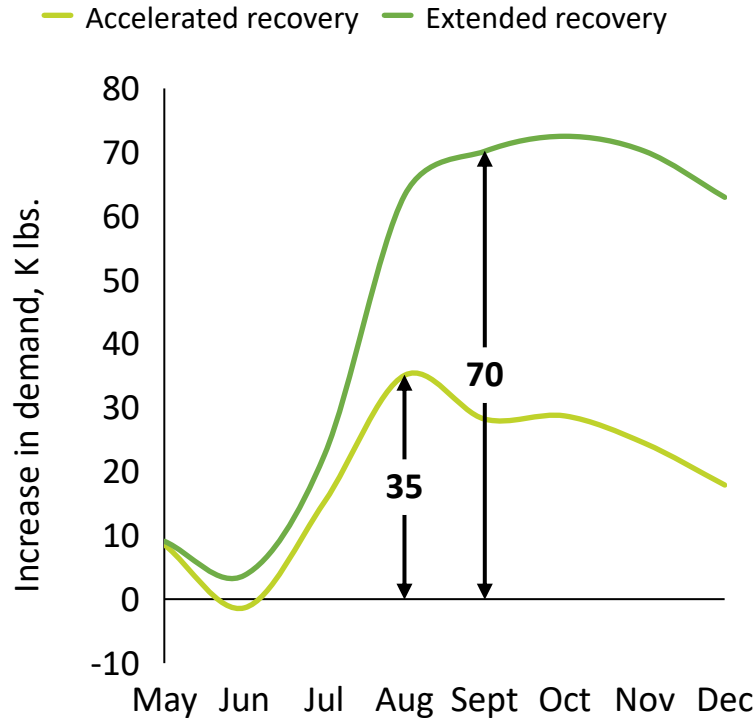
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 81 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.3-13.6%

May-Dec: 160 - 380 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

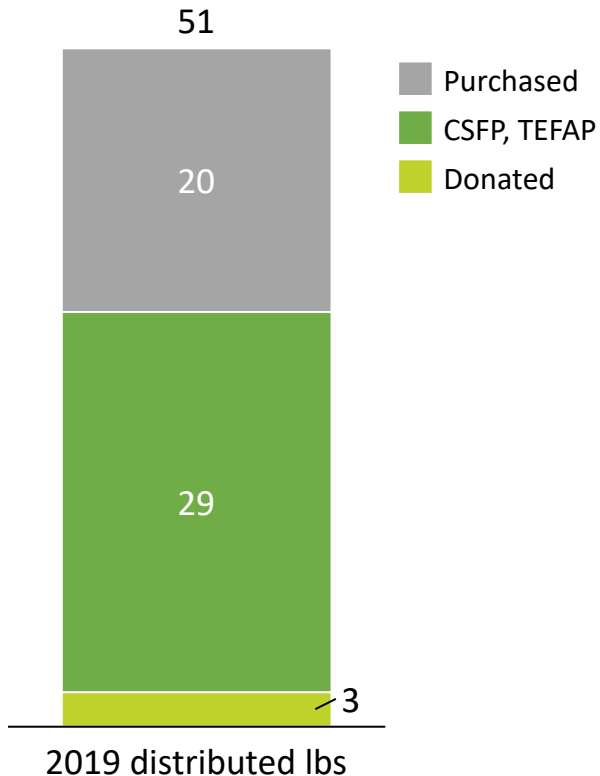
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Lac qui Parle

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5%

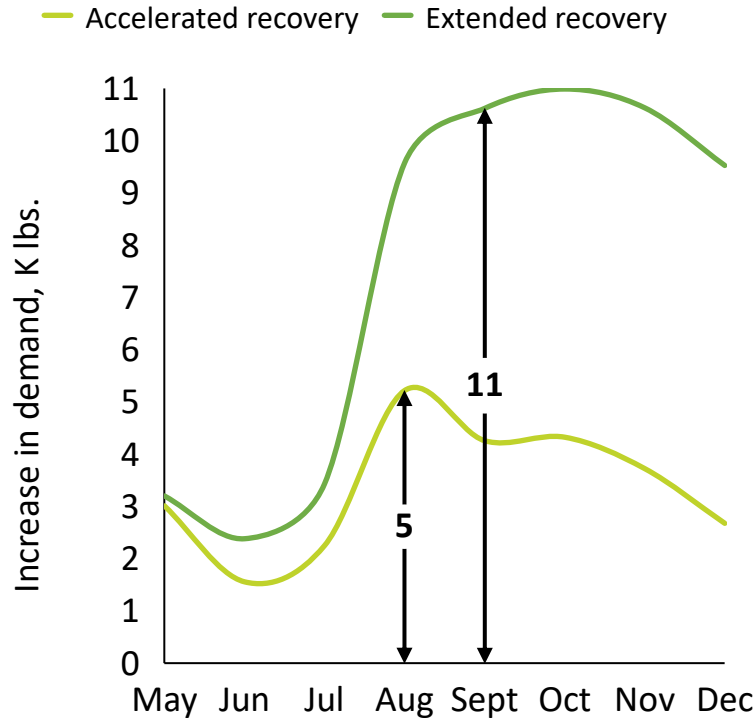
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 4 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.3-13.5%

May-Dec: 30 - 60 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

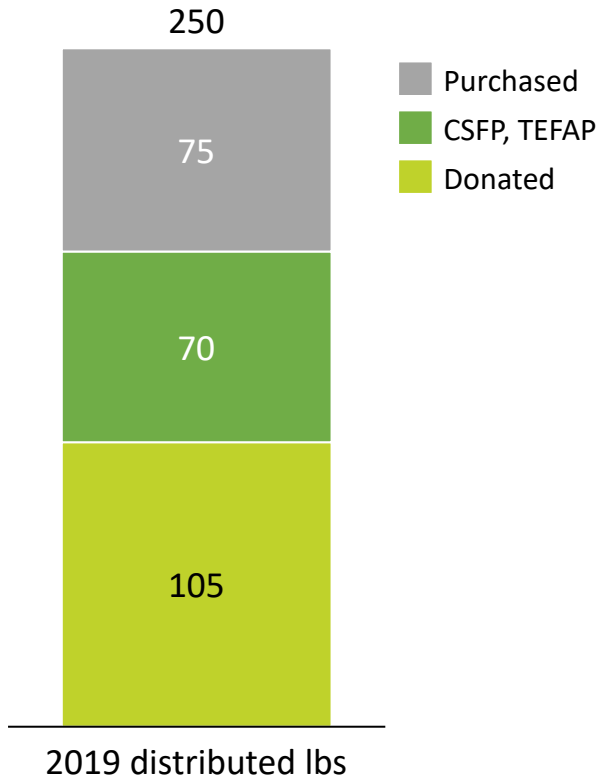
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Le Sueur

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 6.6%

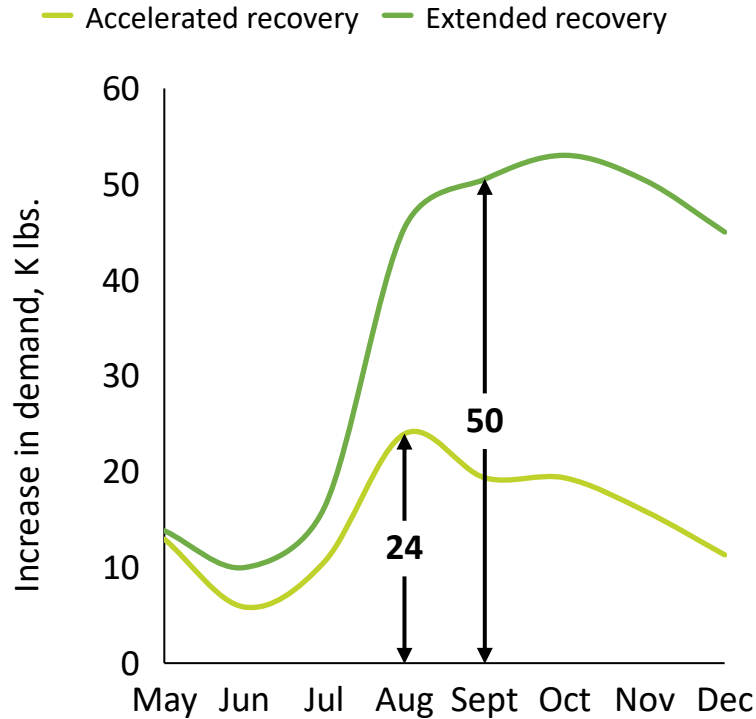
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 22 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.2-16.2%

May-Dec: 120 - 290 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

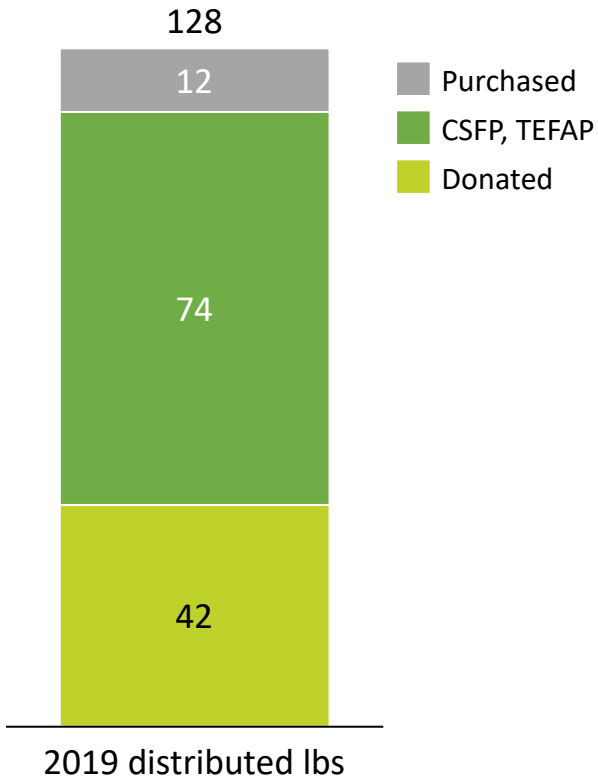
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Lincoln

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.8%

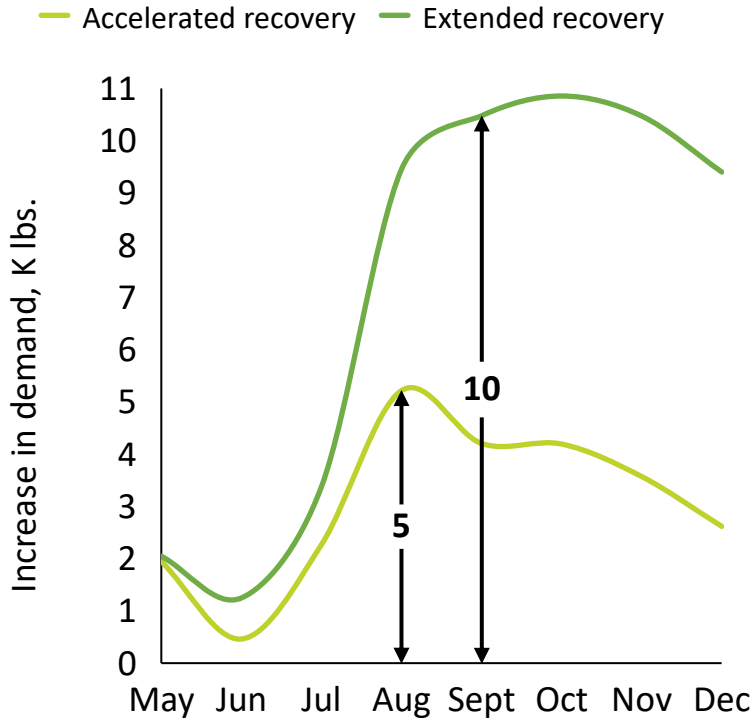
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 10 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.9% - 15.8%

May-Dec: 25 - 60 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

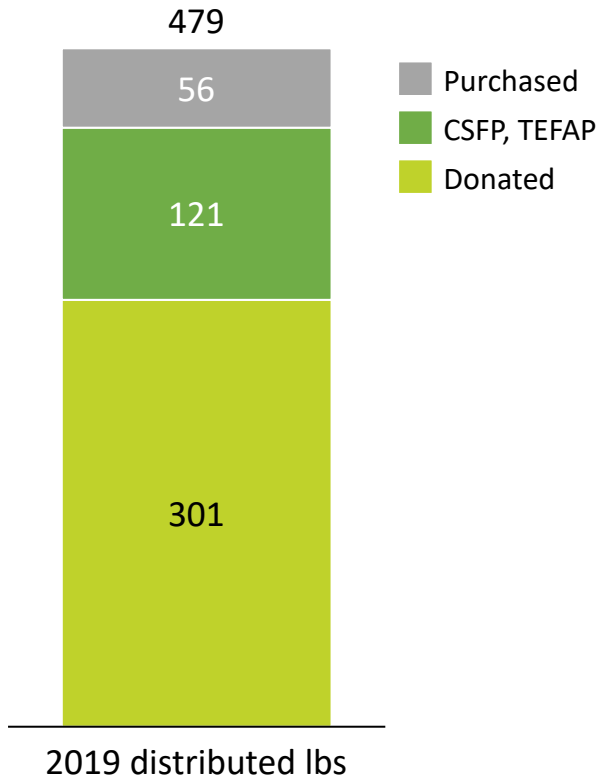
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Lyon

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.9%

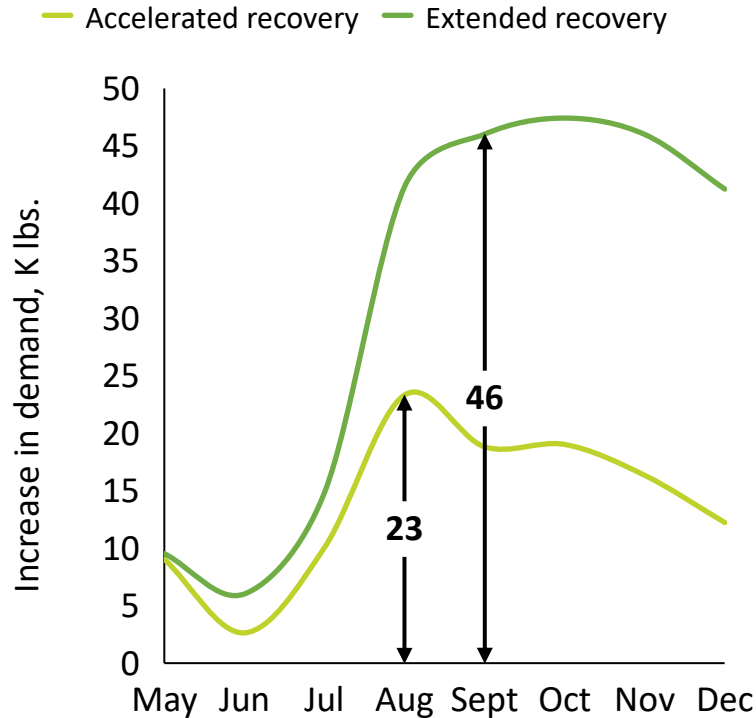
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 39 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.4%-14.0%

May-Dec: 101 - 250 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

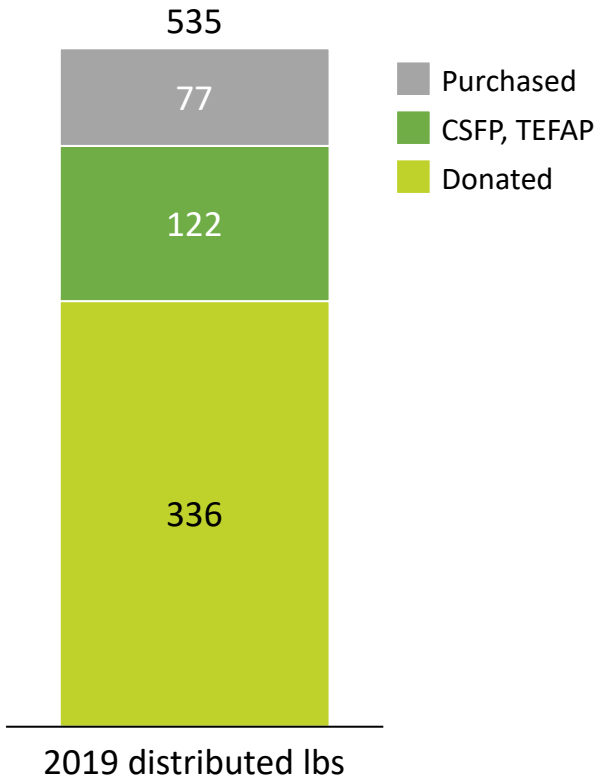
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – McLeod

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.7%

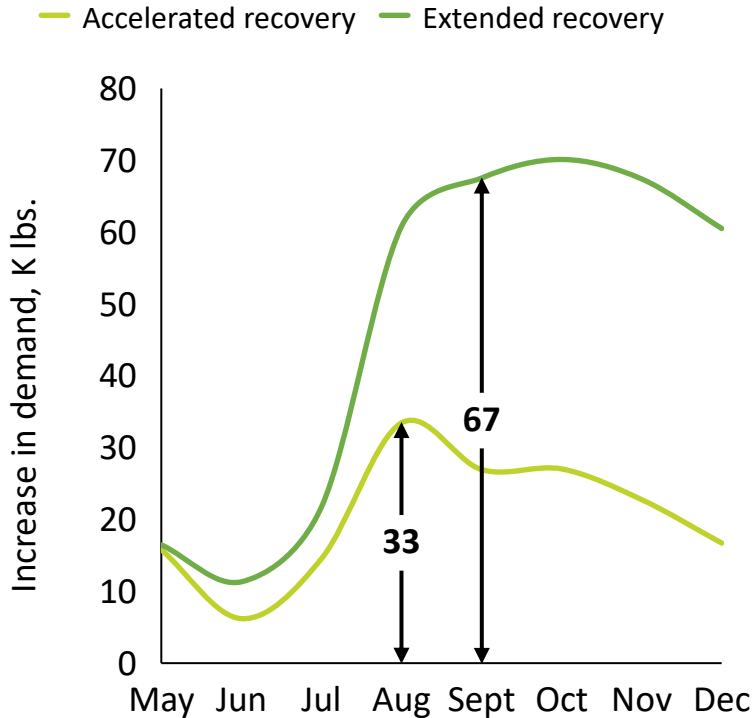
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 44 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.3%-15.3%

May-Dec: 160 - 370 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

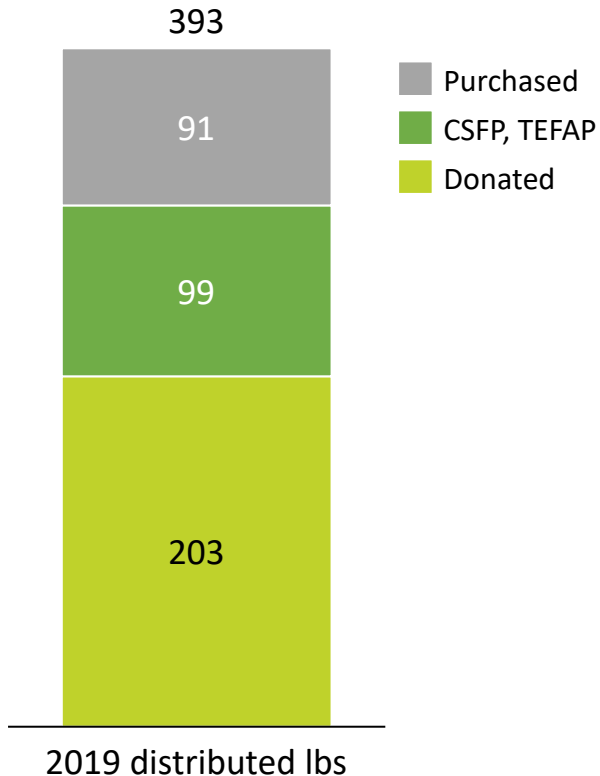
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Martin

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.8%

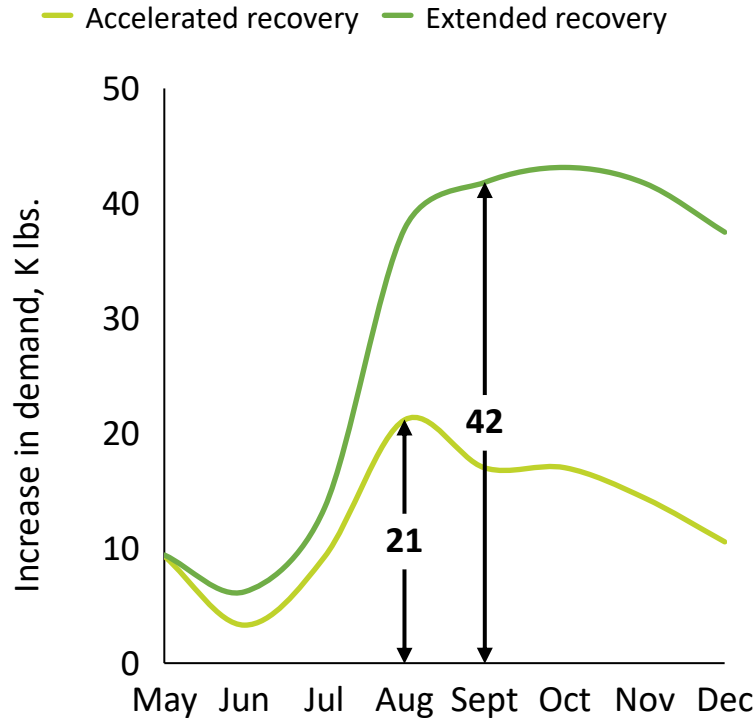
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 33 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.5%-15.9%

May-Dec: 100 - 240 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

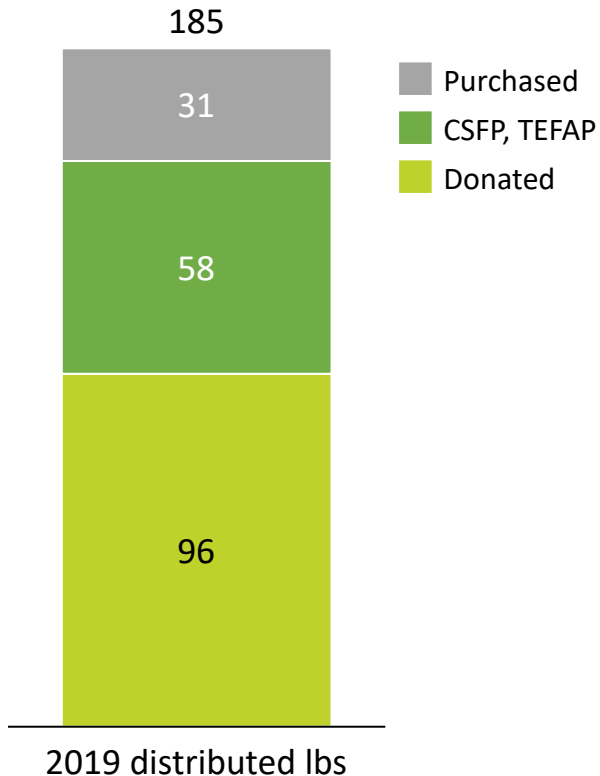
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Meeker

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.4%

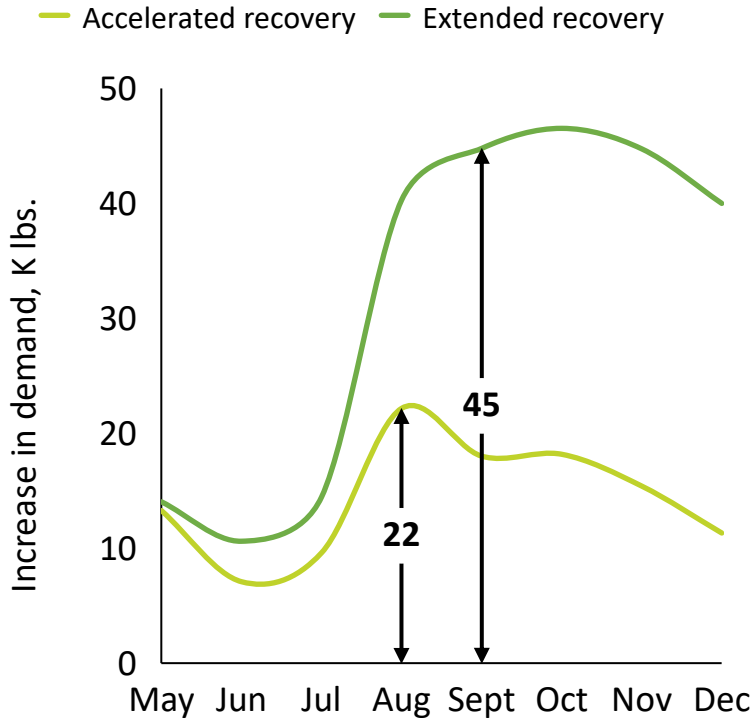
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 15 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.5%-15.9%

May-Dec: 110 - 250 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

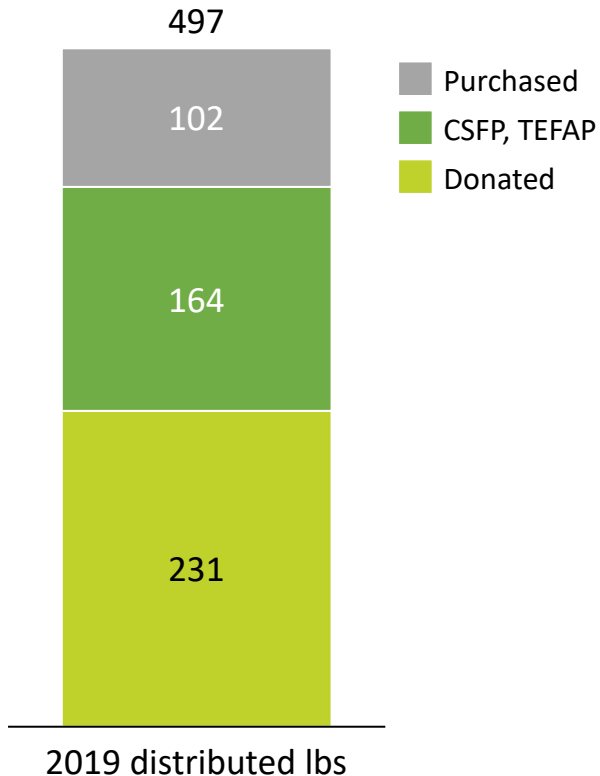
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Morrison

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 7.8%

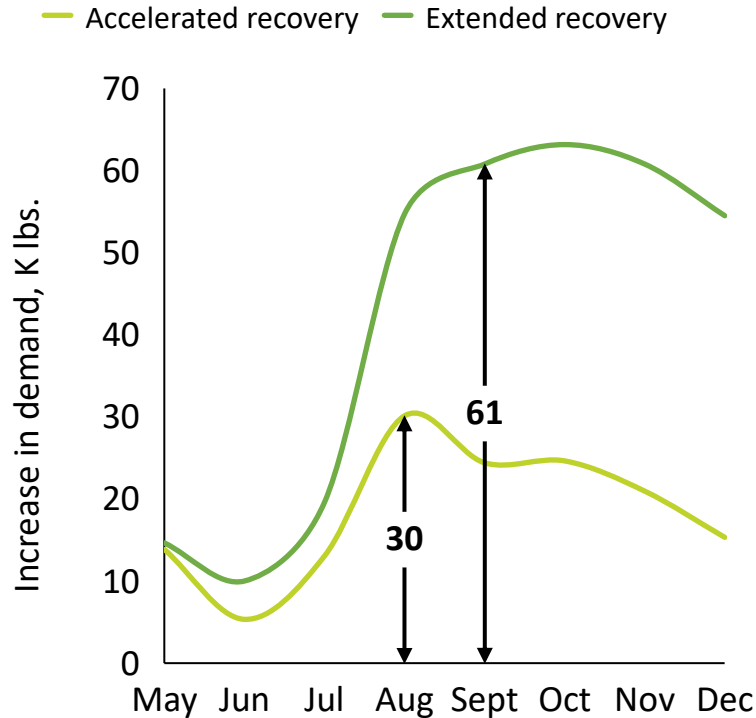
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 41 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.0%-16.2%

May-Dec: 150 - 3600 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

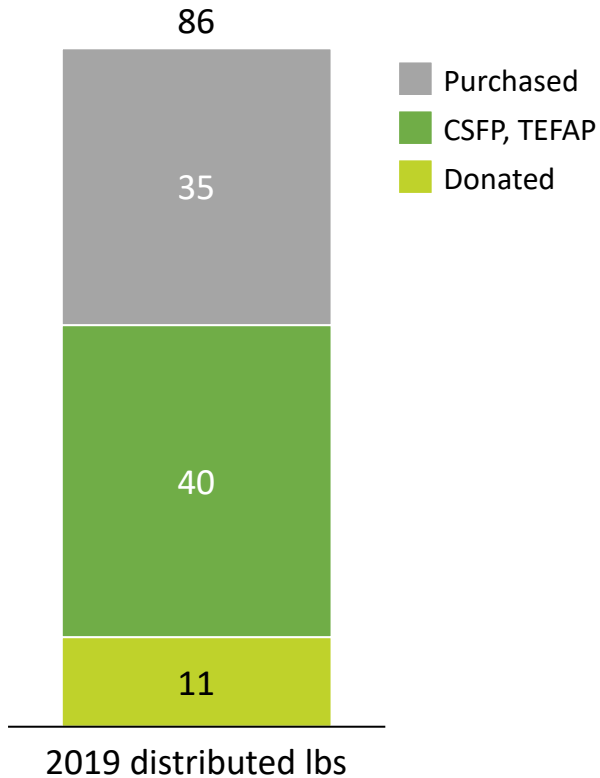
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Murray

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 6.1%

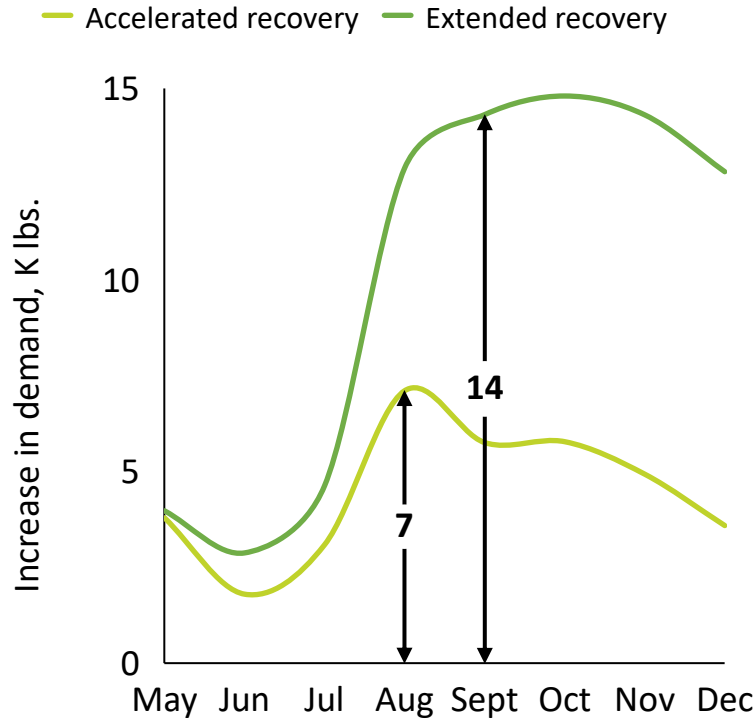
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 11 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 12.5%-17.4%

May-Dec: 30 - 80 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

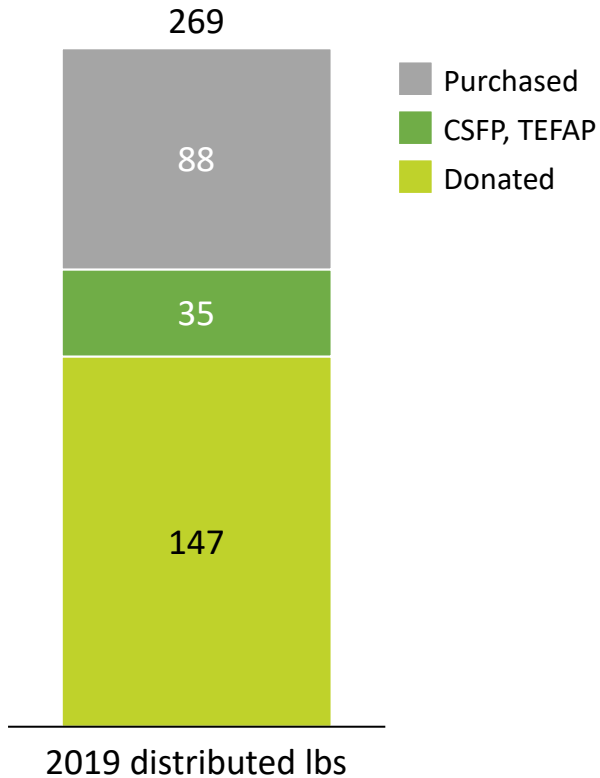
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Nicollet

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.6%

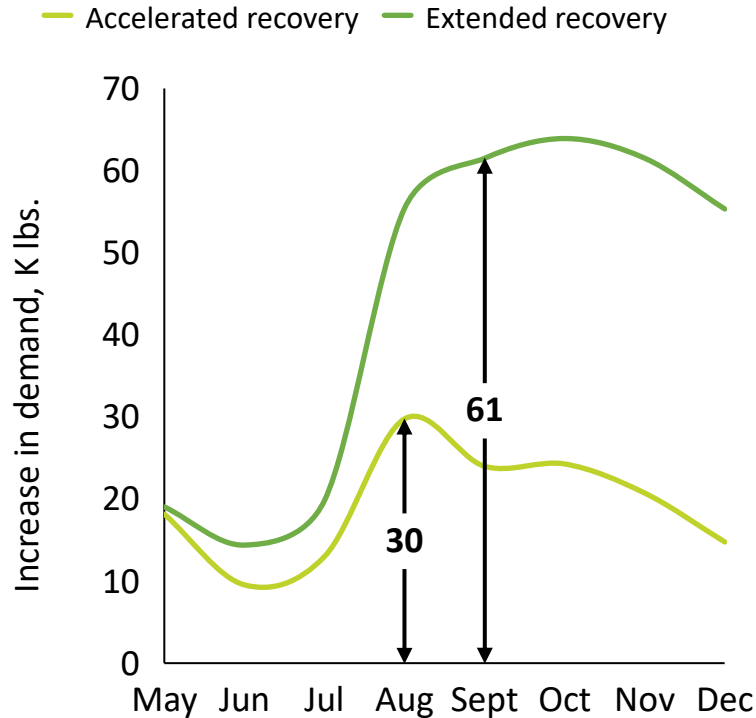
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 22 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.8%-15.3%

May-Dec: 150 - 350 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

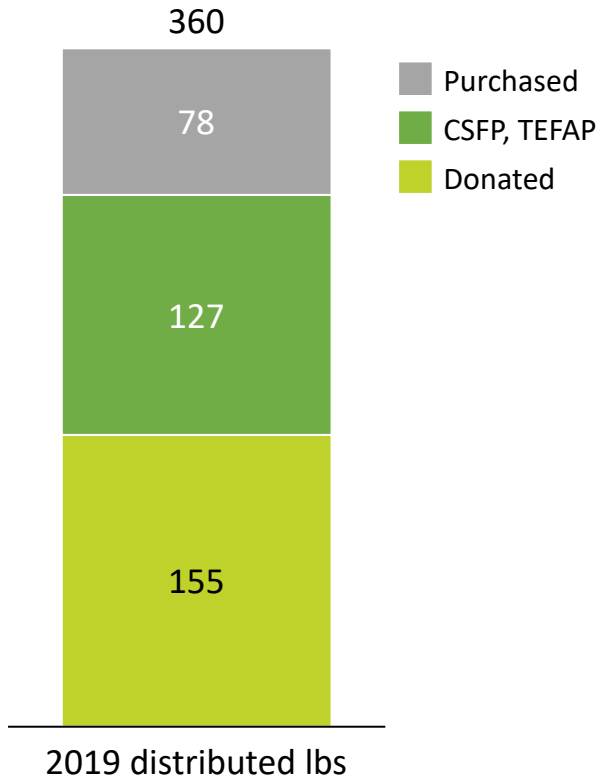
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Nobles

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.2%

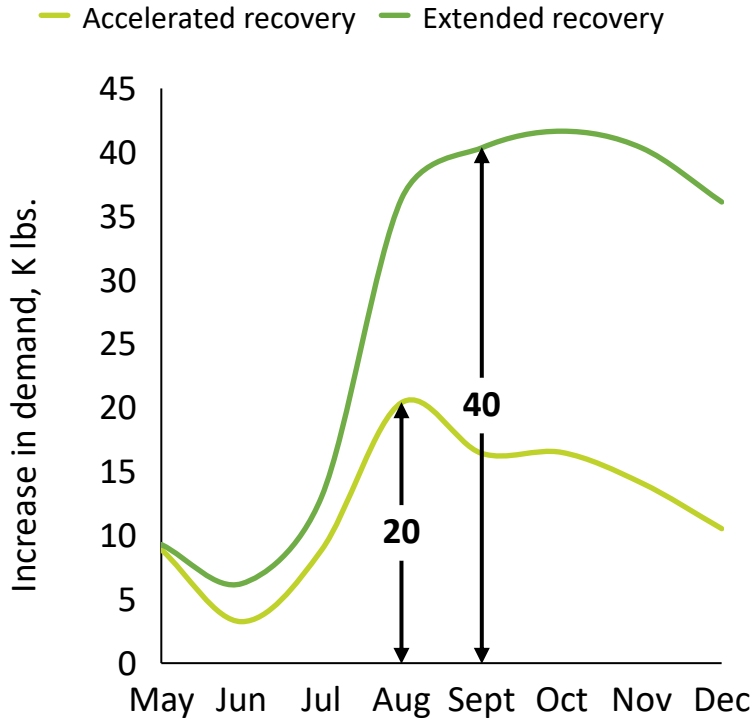
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 30 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 8.3%-13.3%

May-Dec: 100 - 220 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

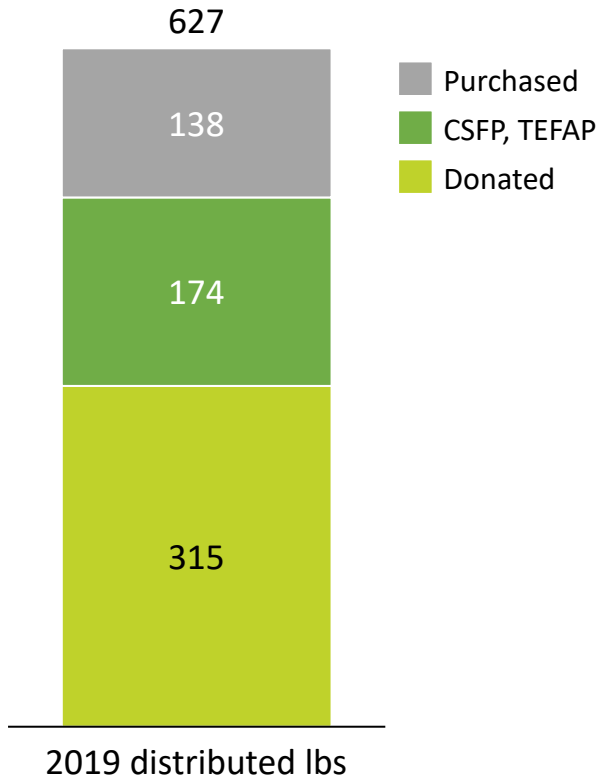
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Pine

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 7.9%

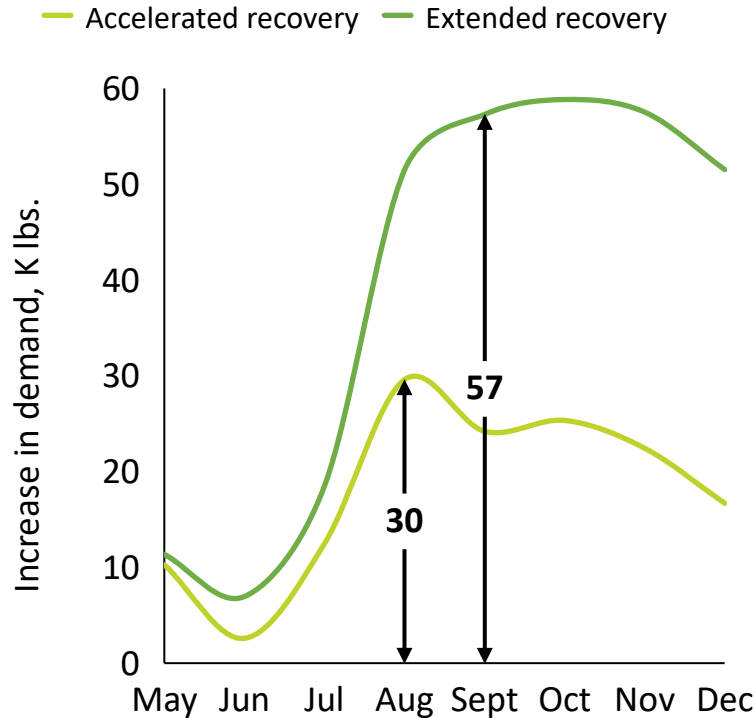
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 52 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.1%-13.9%

May-Dec: 140 - 310 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

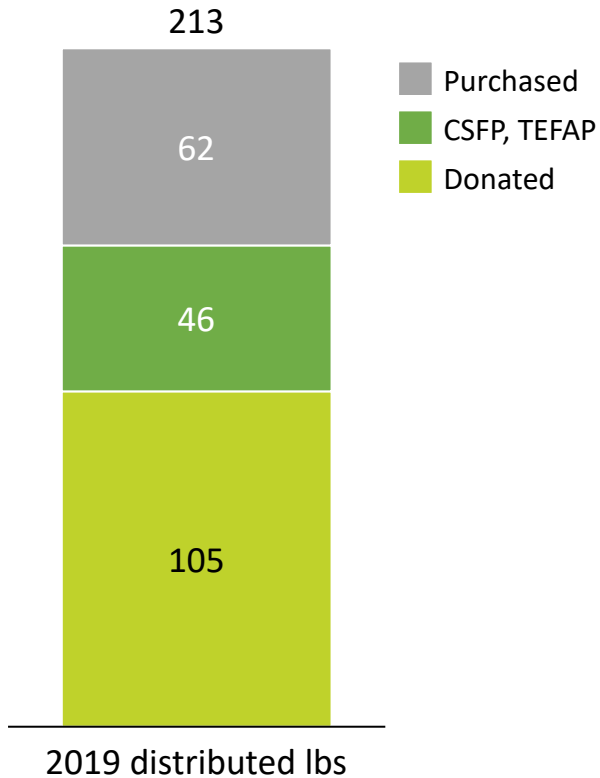
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Pipestone

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.4%

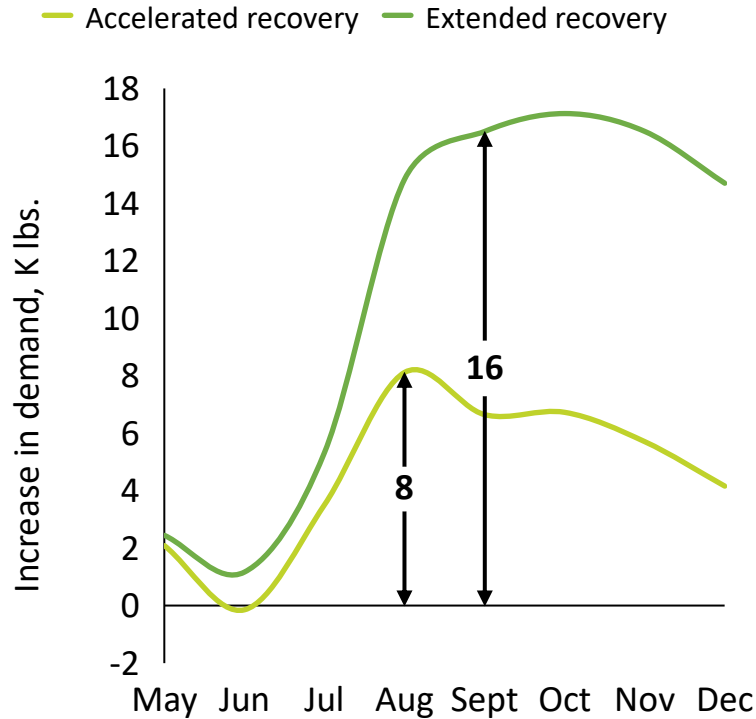
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 18 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 13.2%-18.2%

May-Dec: 40 - 90 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

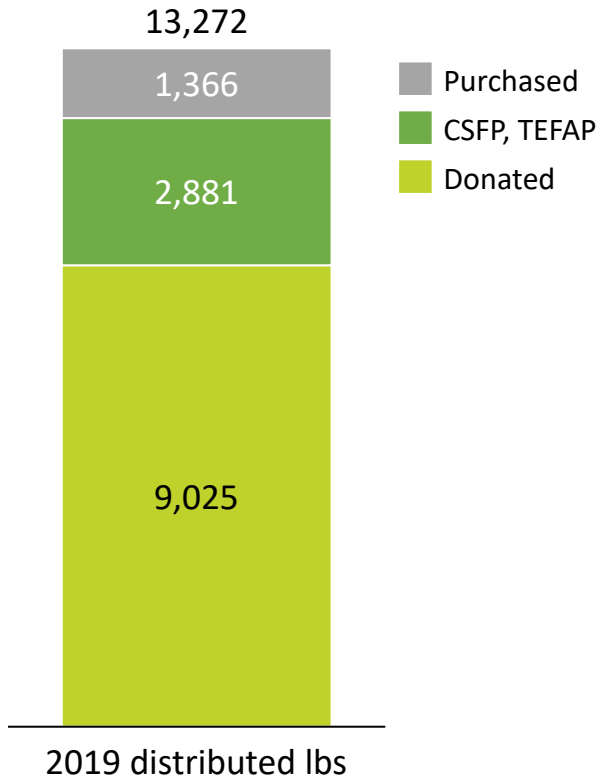
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Ramsey

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.9%

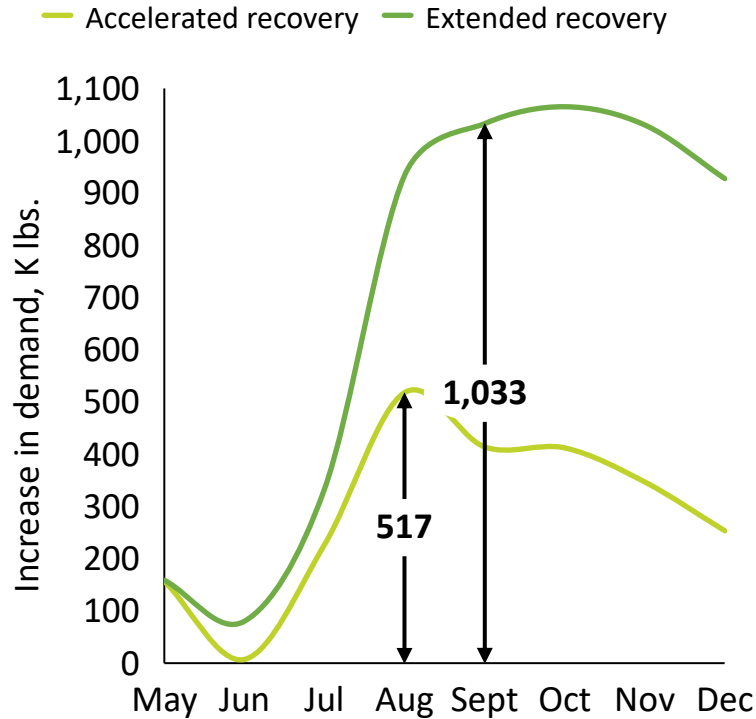
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 1,130 M lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.7%-14.5%

May-Dec: 2,600 - 5,600 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

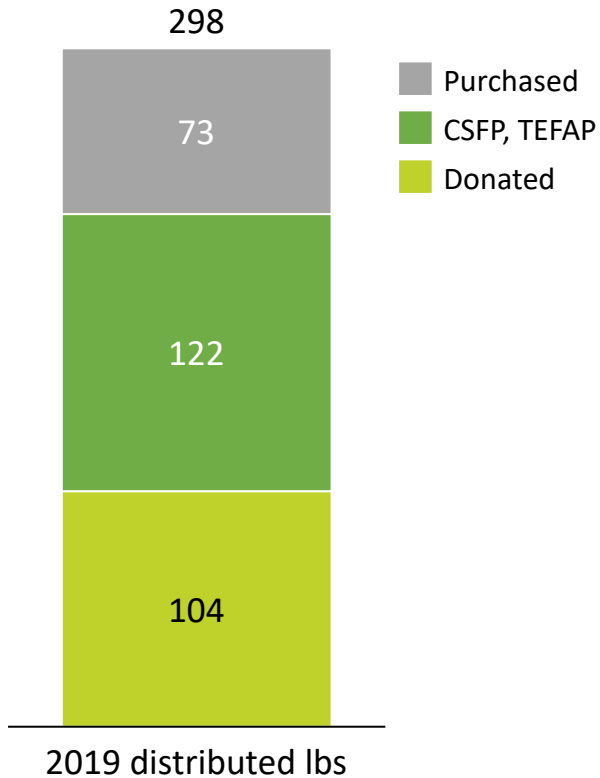
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Redwood

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.1%

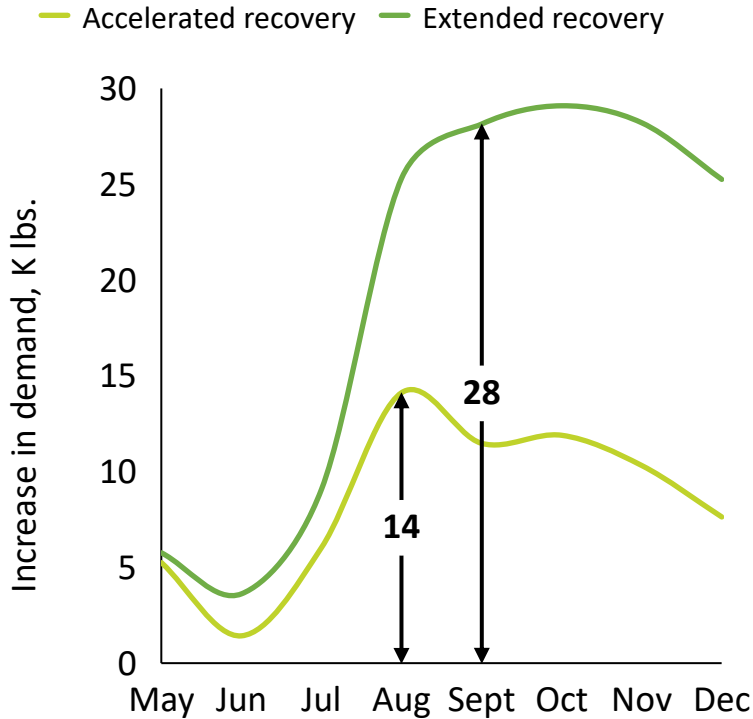
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 25 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.1%-14.1%

May-Dec: 70 - 150 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

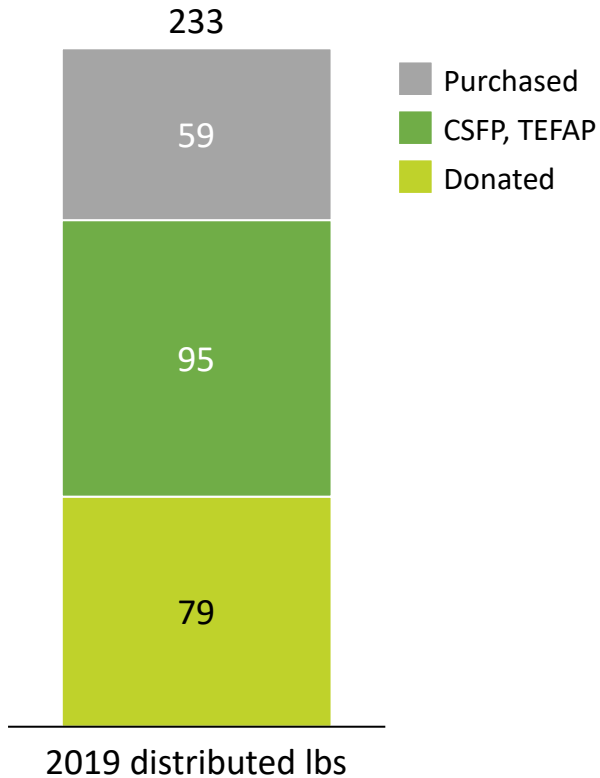
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Renville

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.8%

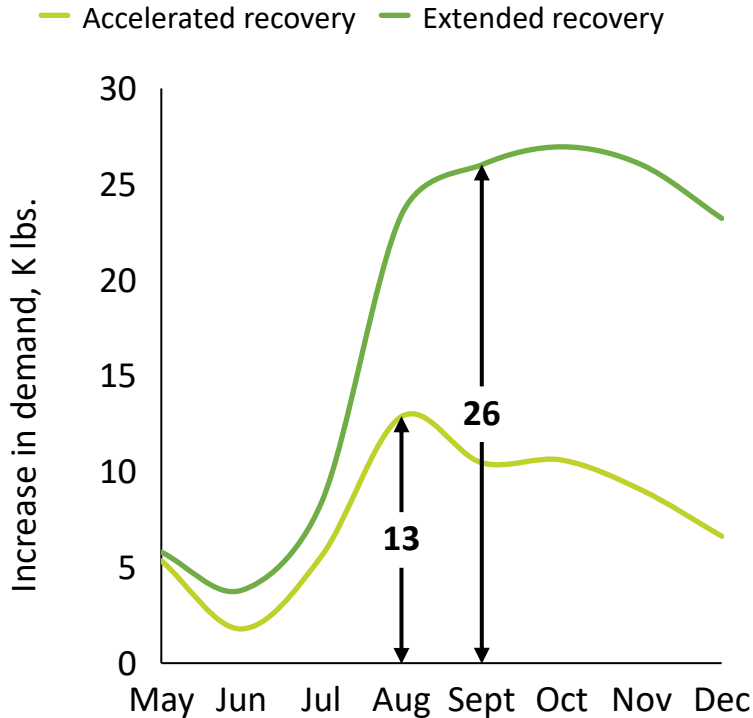
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 19 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.8%-14.6%

May-Dec: 60 - 140 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

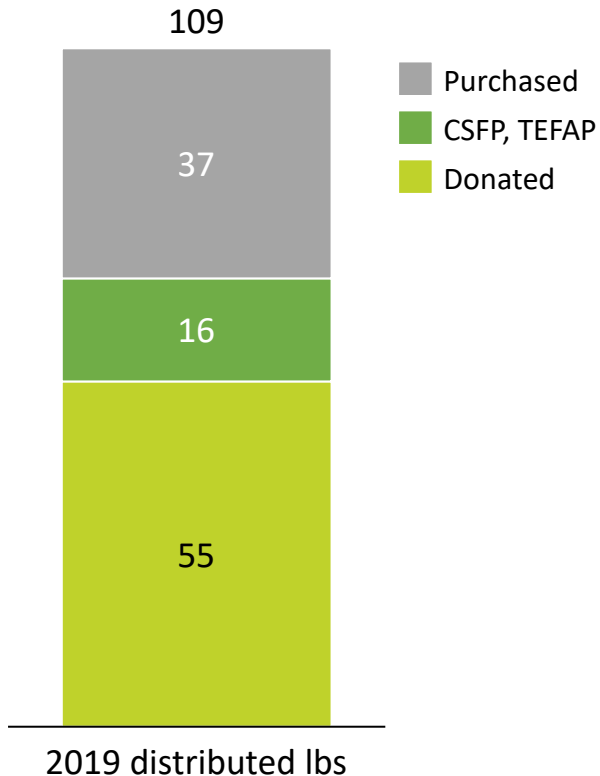
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Rock

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.6%

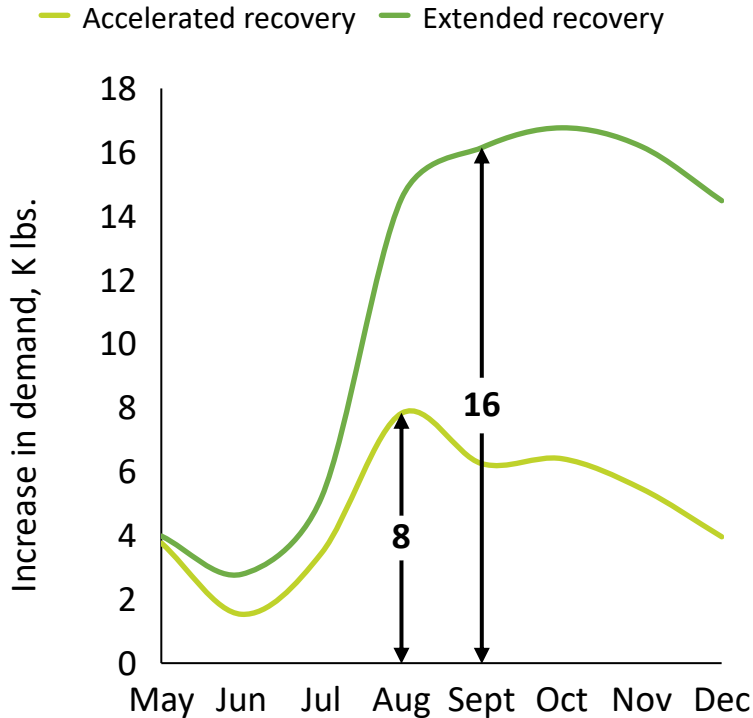
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 9 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.7%-15.4%

May-Dec: 40 - 90 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

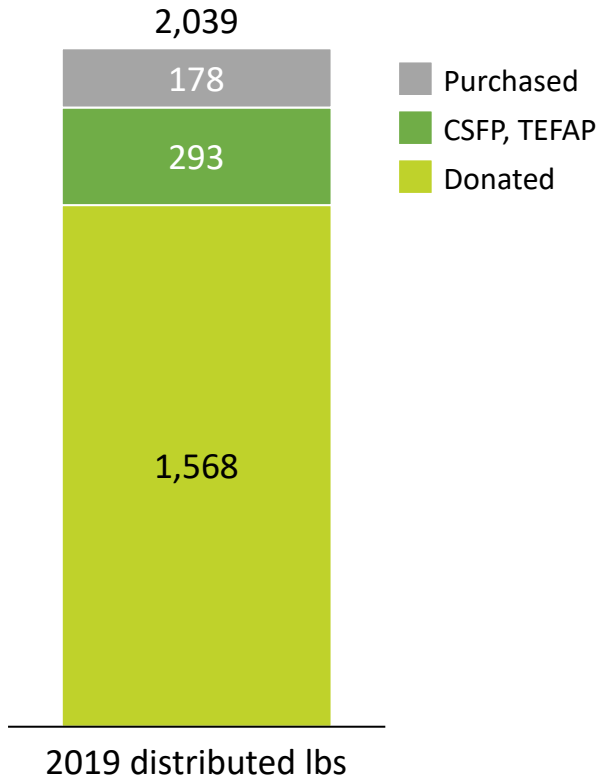
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Scott

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.9%

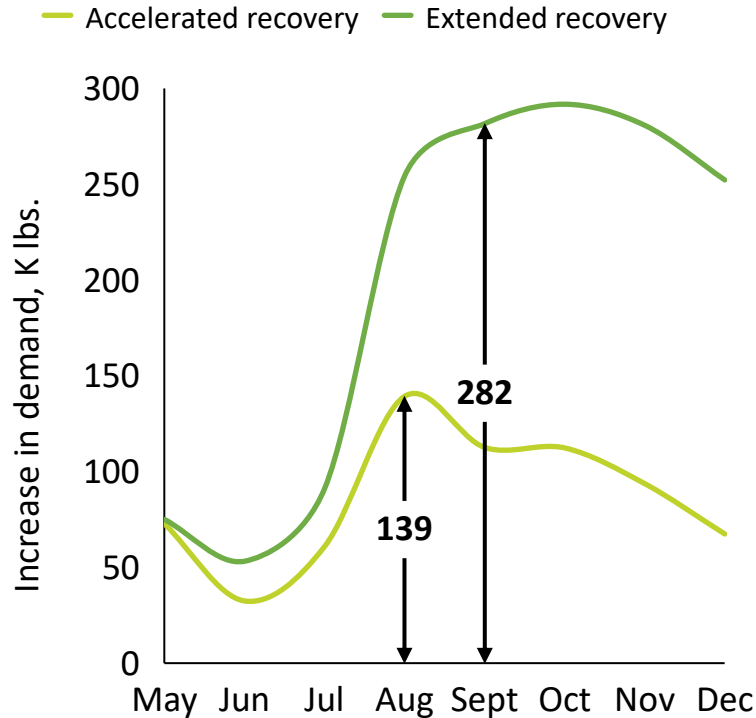
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 162 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 8.0%-12.7%

May-Dec: 700 - 1,600 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

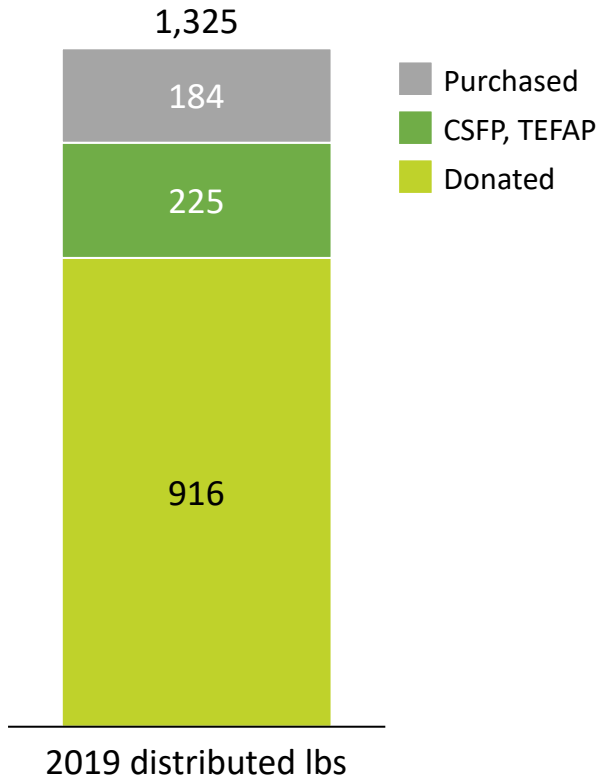
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Sherburne

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.3%

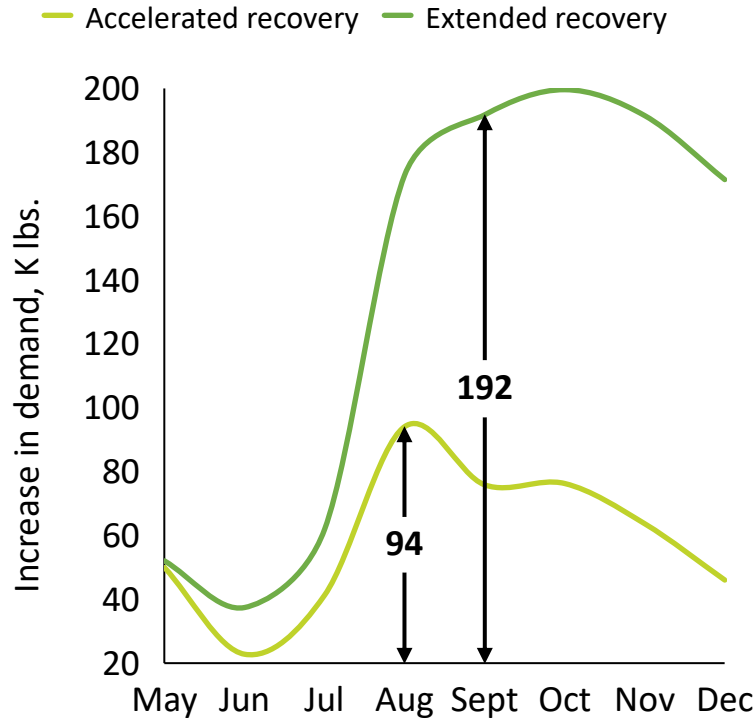
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 110 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.2%-14.4%

May-Dec: 470 - 1,100 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

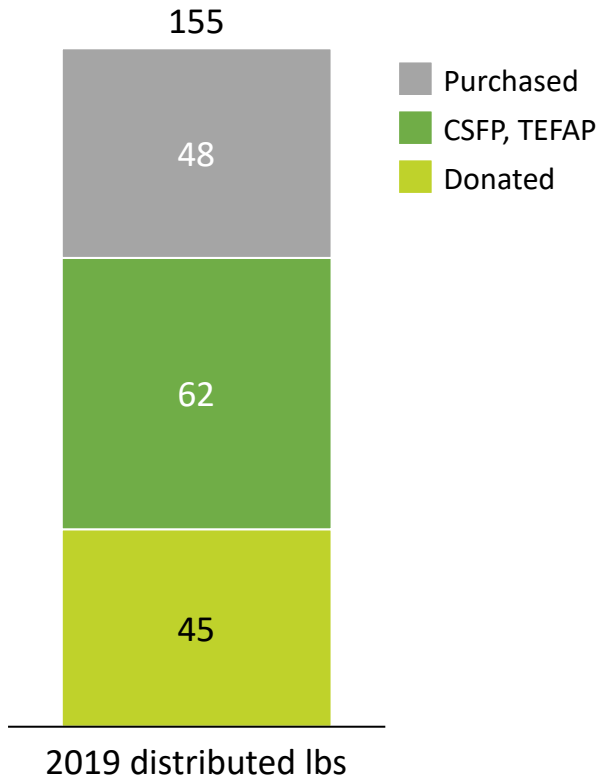
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Sibley

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5%

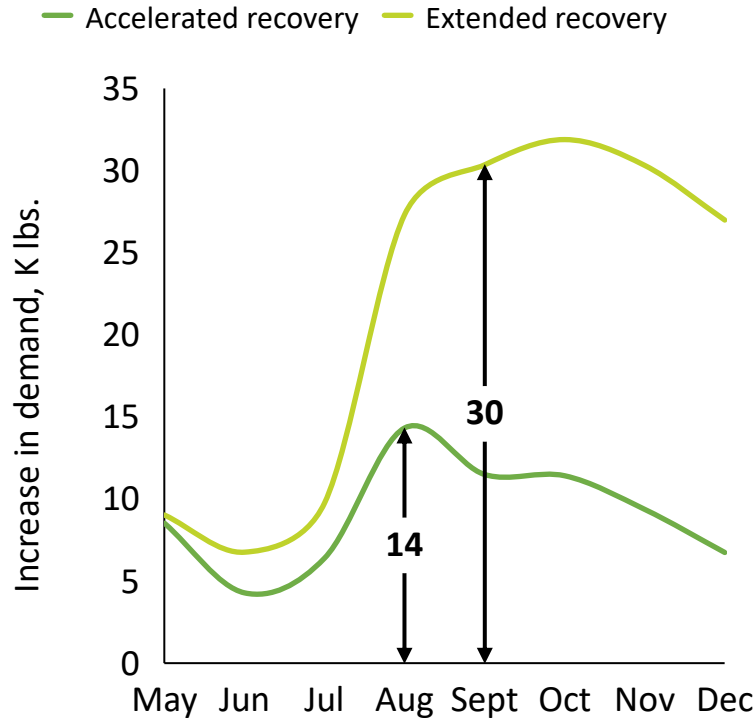
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 13 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.6%-16.1%

May-Dec: 70 - 170 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

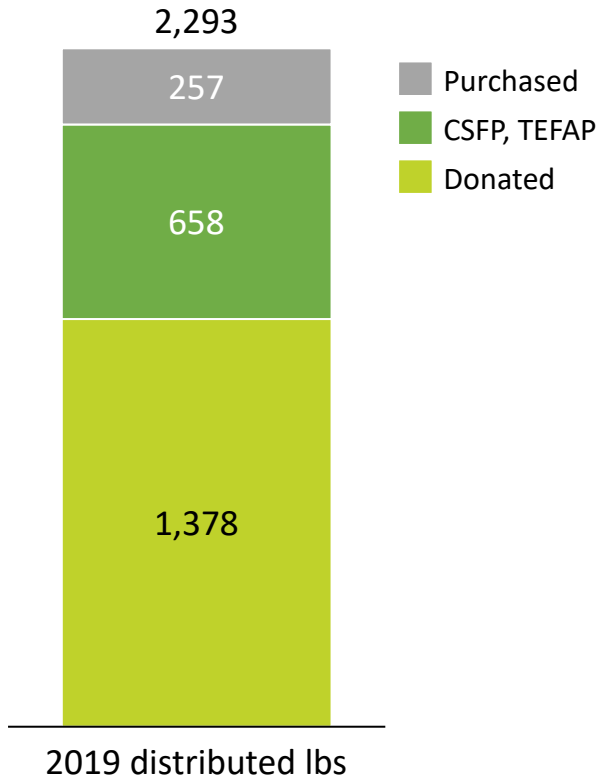
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Stearns

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.8%

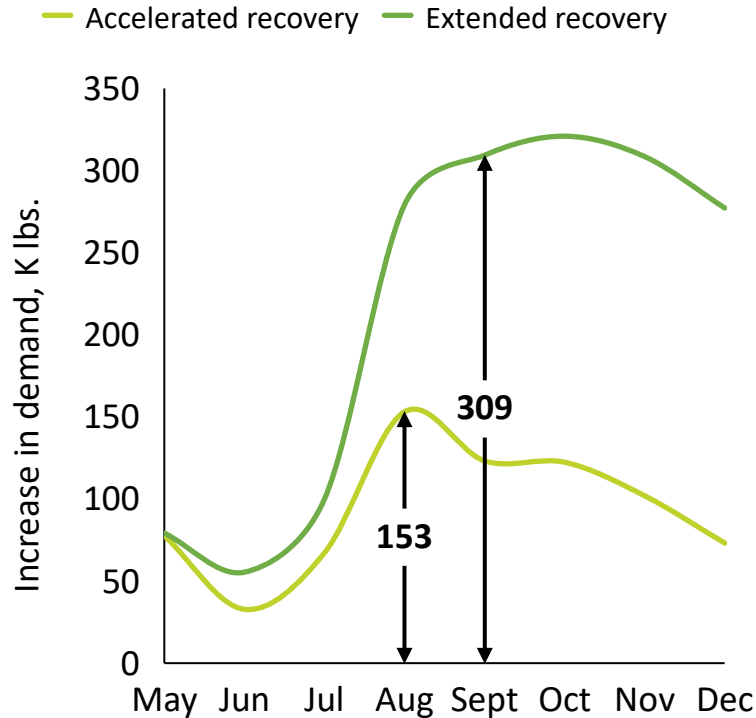
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 191 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.8%-16.4%

May-Dec: 800 - 1,700 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

Call to action:

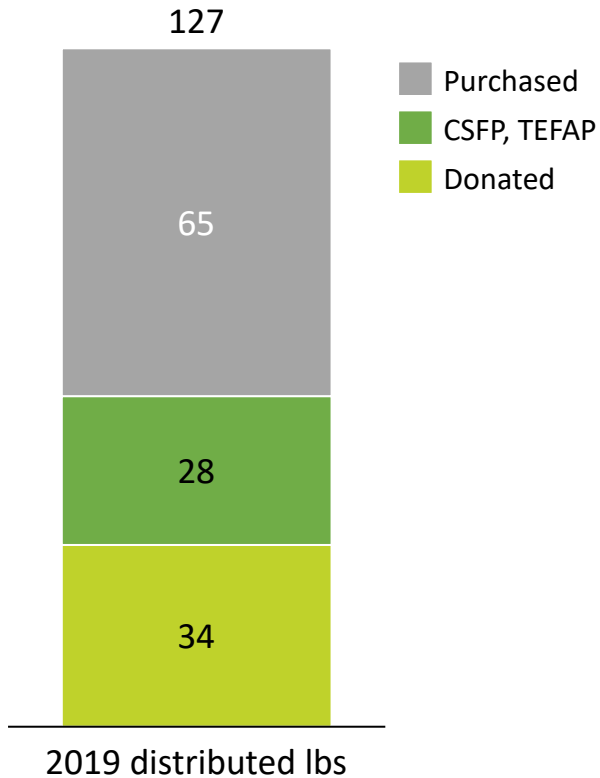
Food supply and demand overview

– Swift

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.9%

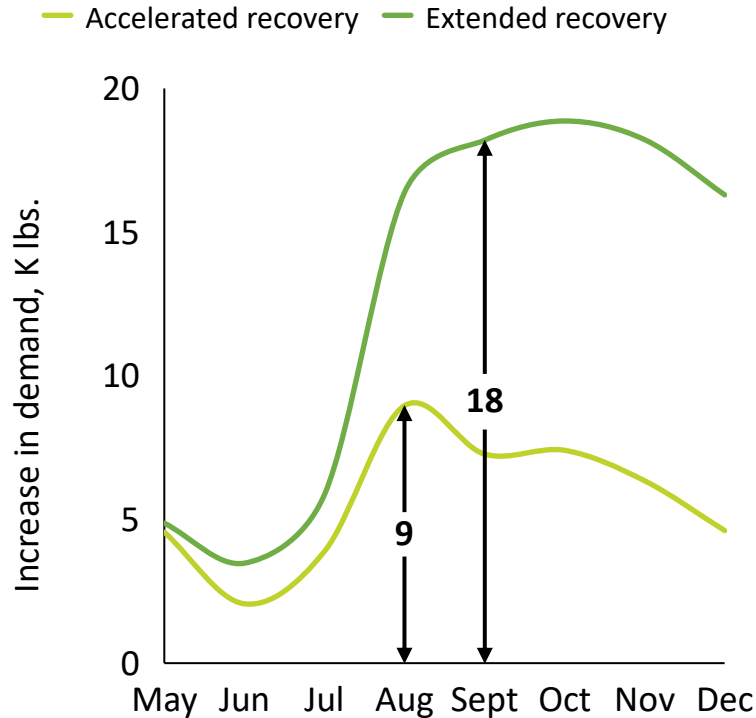
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 10 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.9%-15.1%

May-Dec: 50 - 100 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

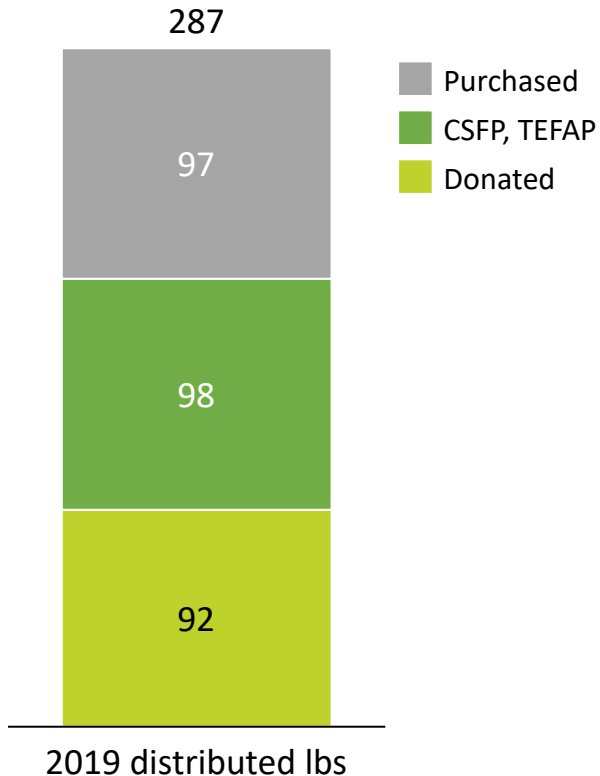
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Todd

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.6%

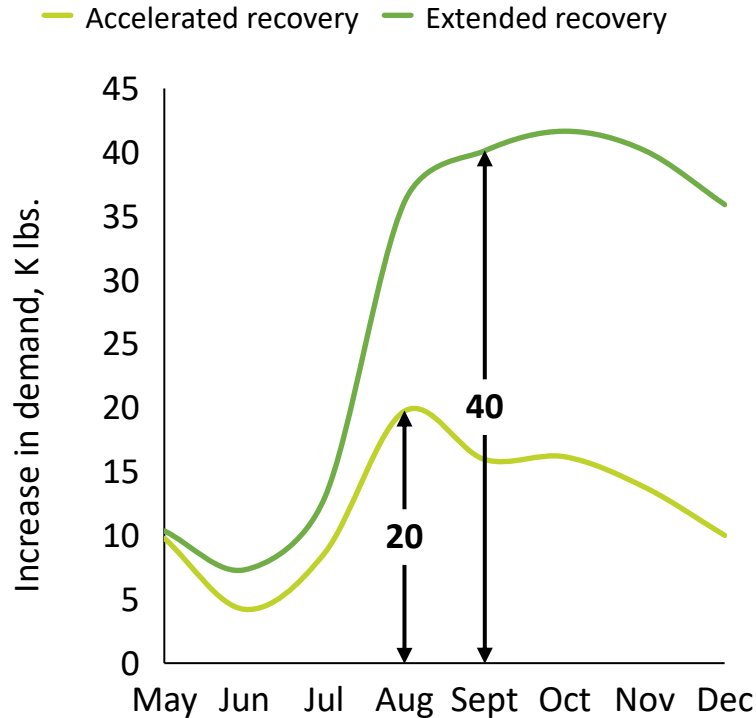
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 24 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.3%-16.5%

May-Dec: 100 - 220 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

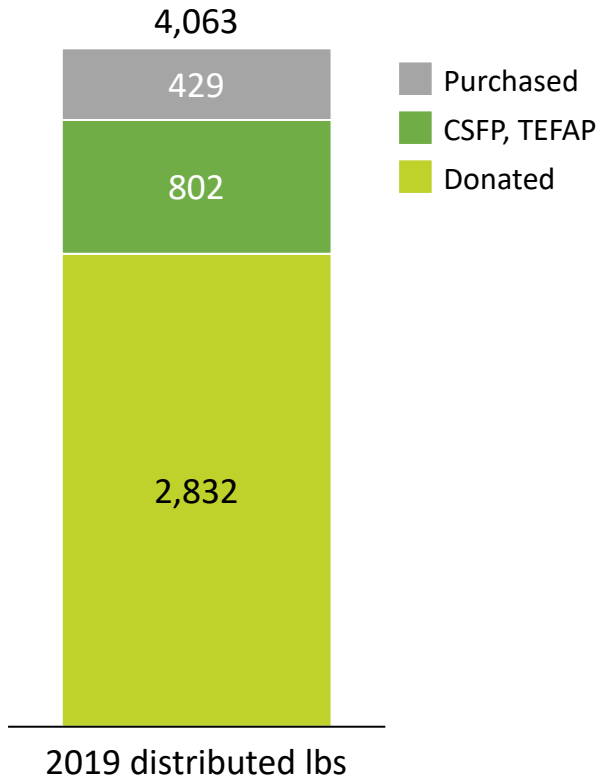
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Washington

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 2.9%

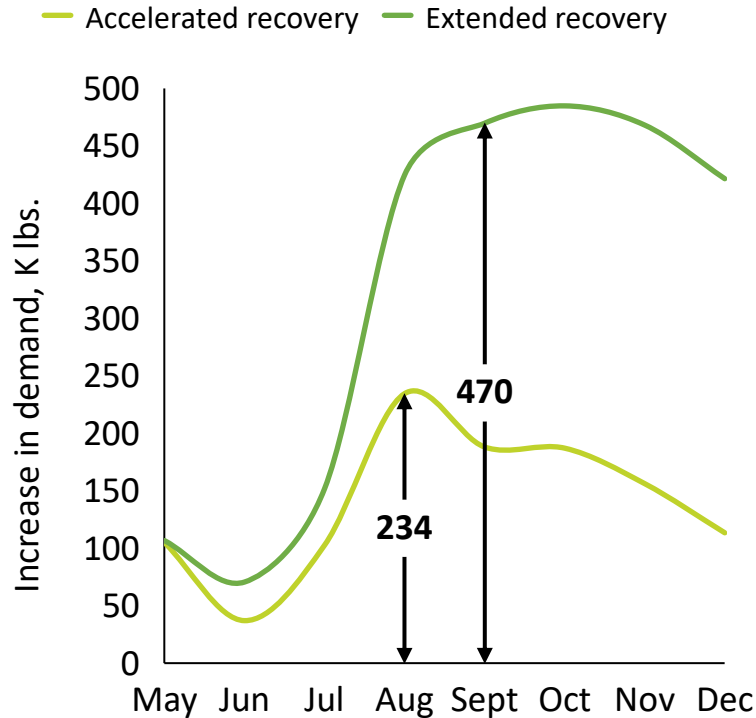
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 349 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.1%-14.4%

May-Dec: 1,100 - 2,600 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

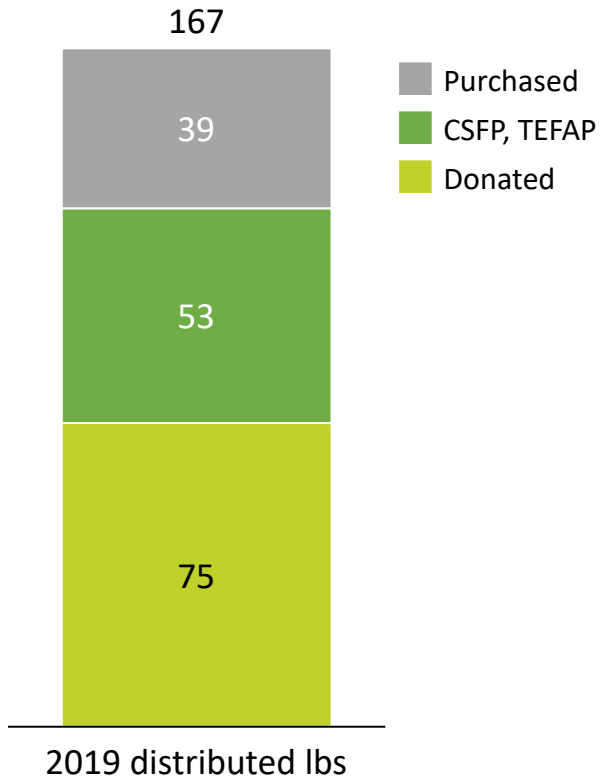
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Watonwan

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.5%

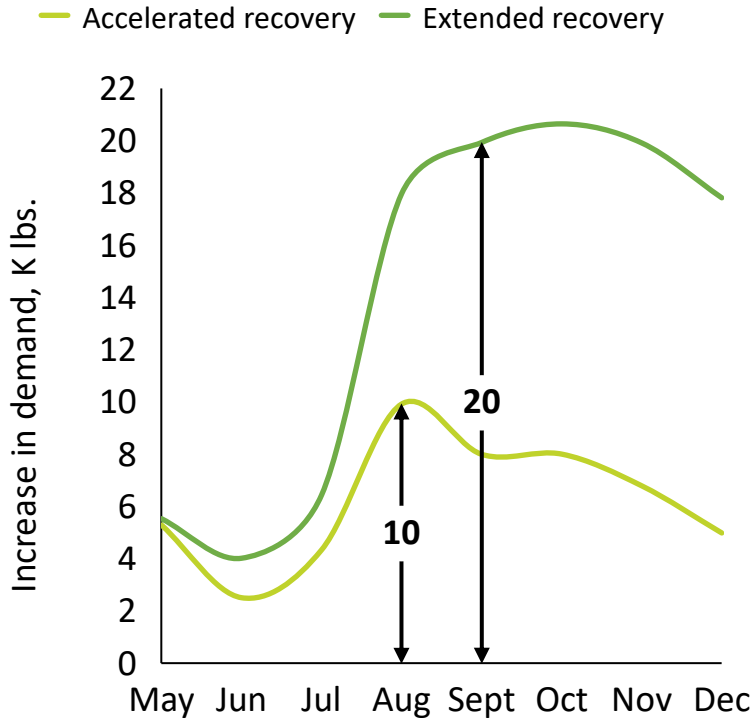
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 14 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.9% - 14.7%

May-Dec: 50 - 110 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

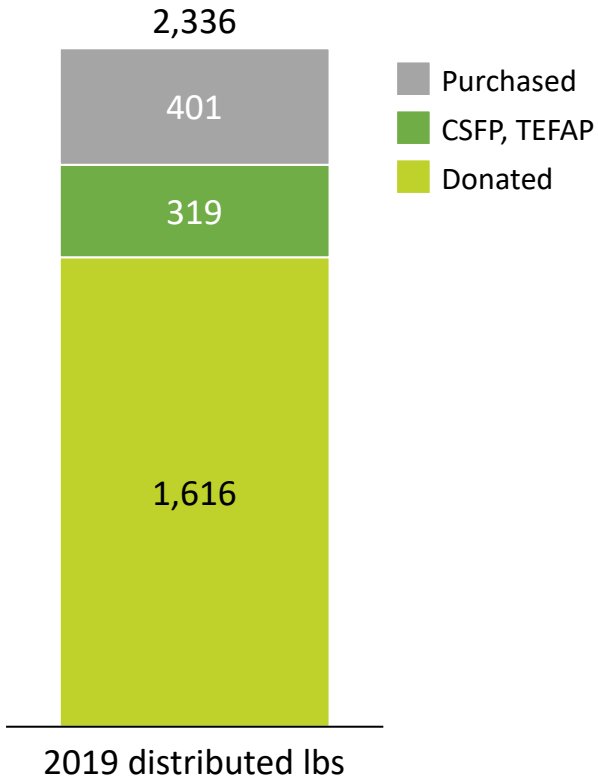
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Wright

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4%

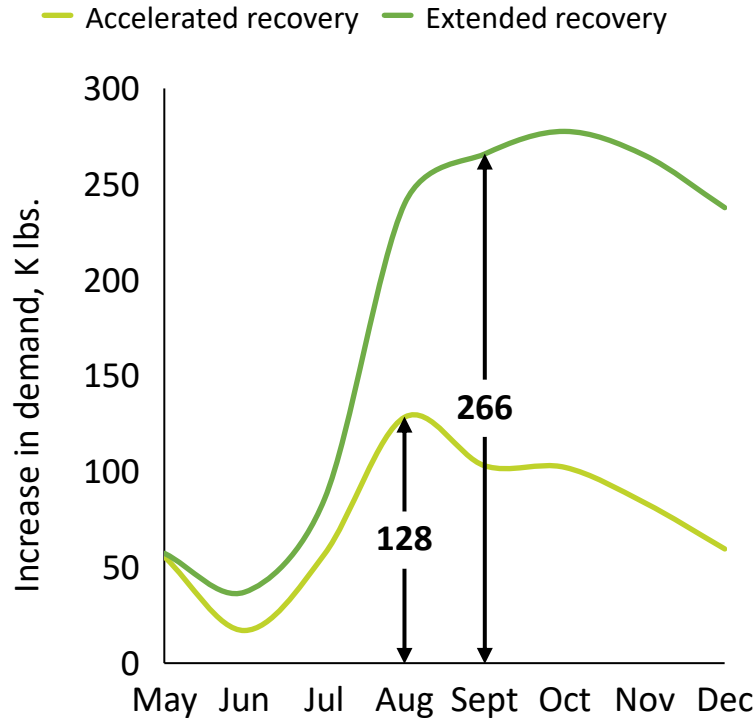
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 190 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.1% - 15.5%

May-Dec: 600 - 1,500 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

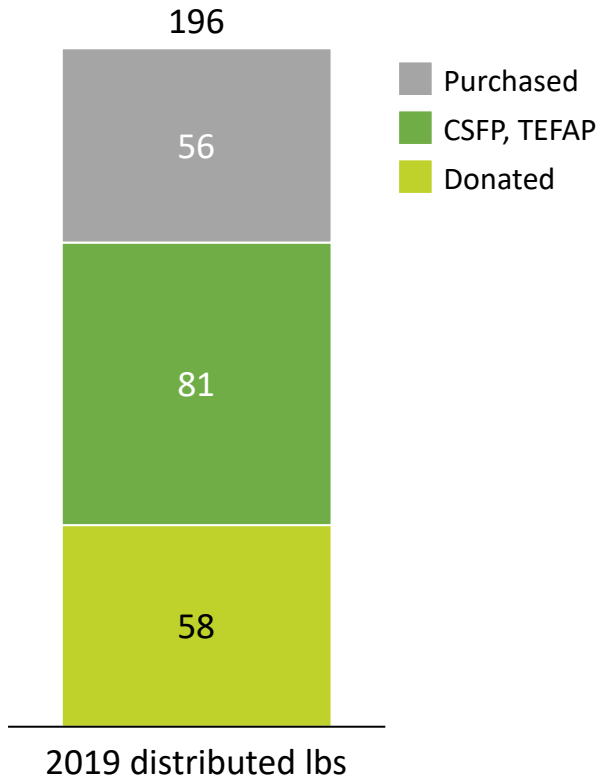
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Yellow Medicine

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.2%

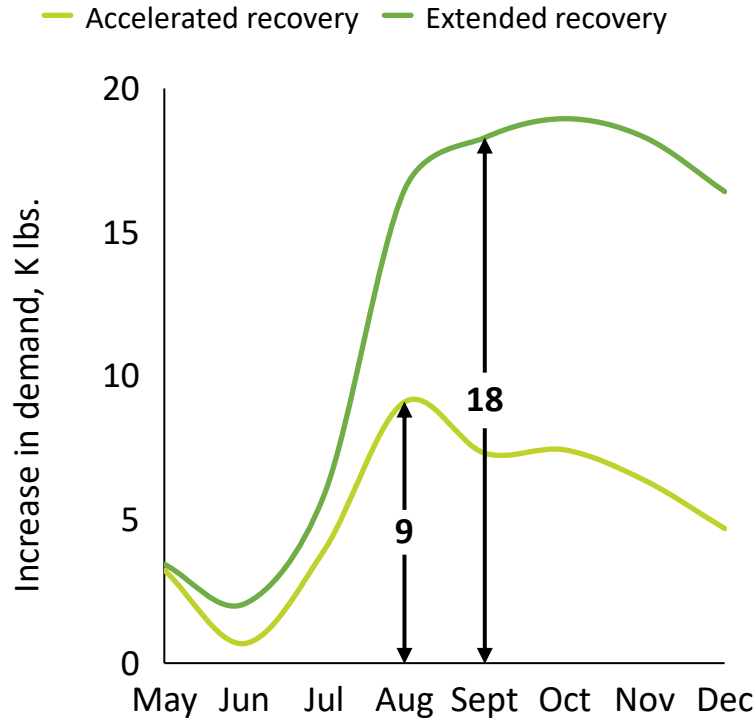
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 16 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.8% - 14.7%

May-Dec: 40 - 100 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

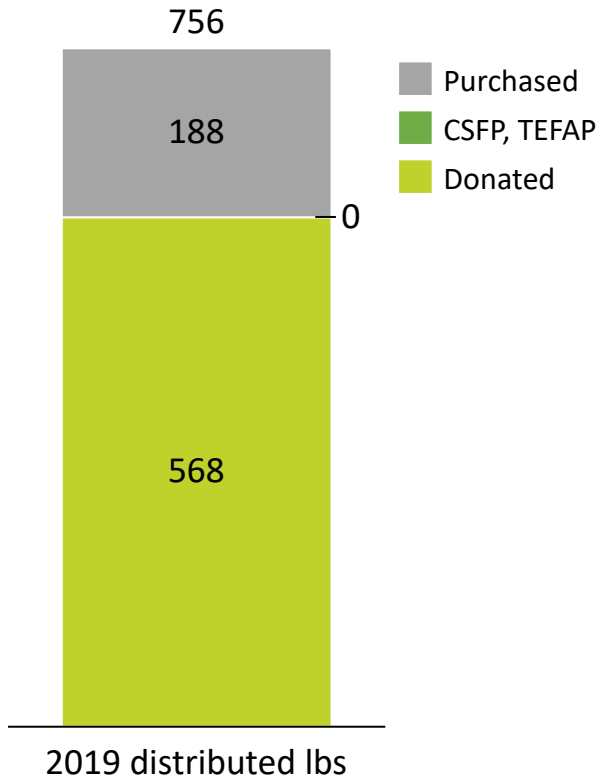
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Barron, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.4%

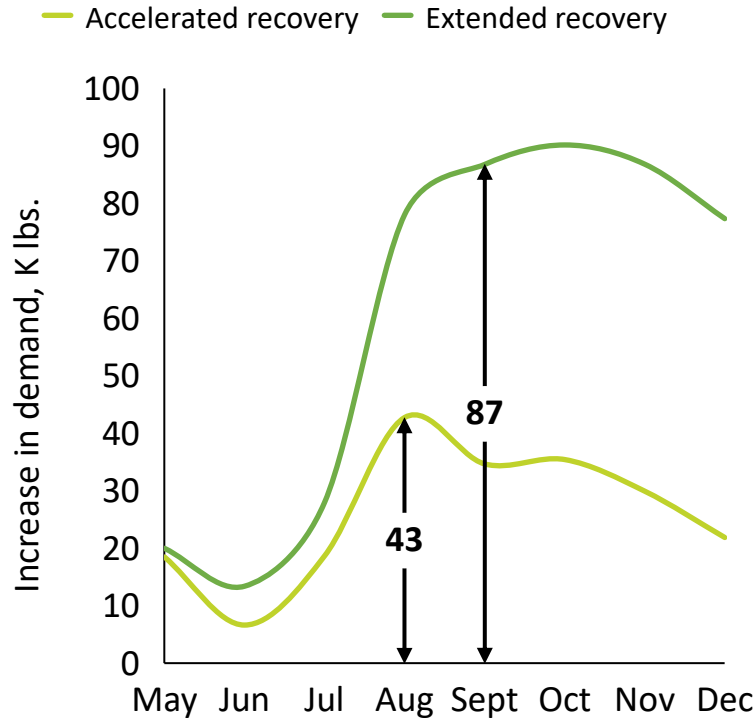
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 63 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.8% - 15.8%

May-Dec: 210 - 480 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

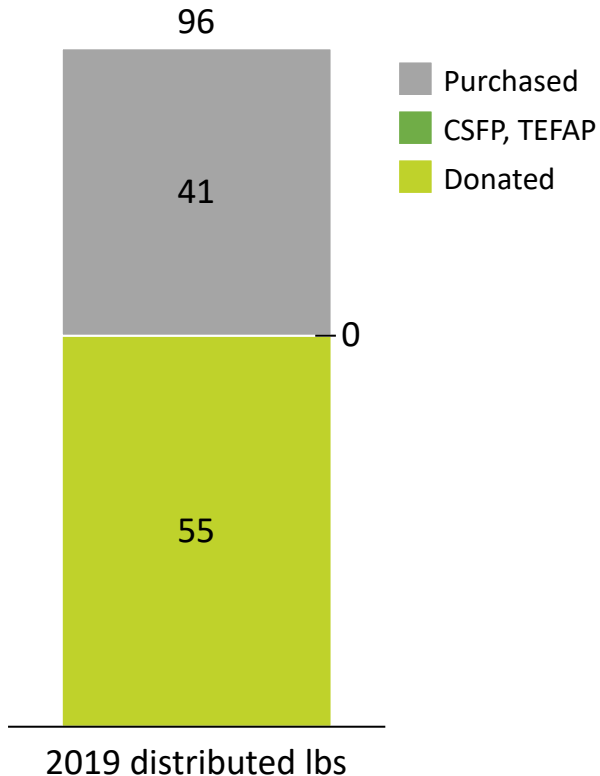
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Buffalo, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.8%

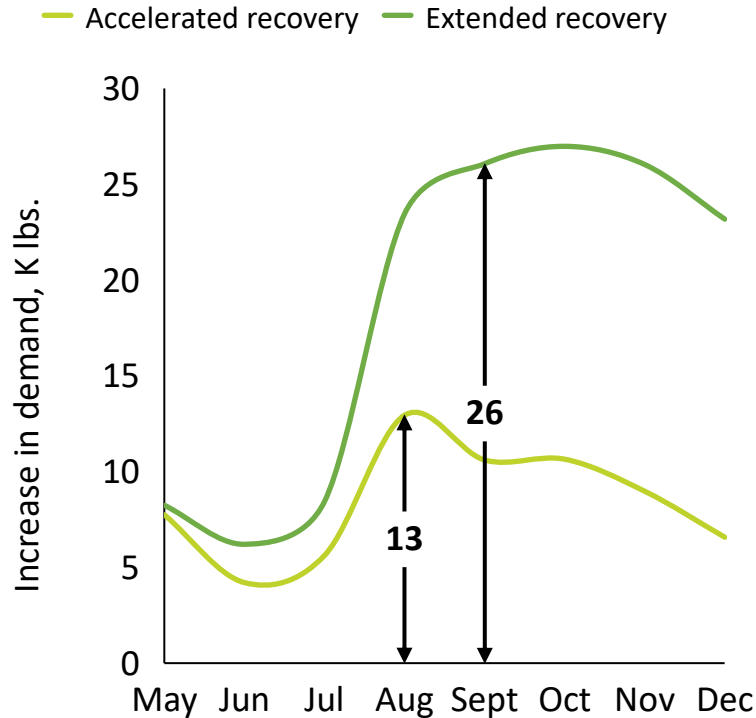
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 8 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.3% - 16.5%

May-Dec: 60 - 150 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

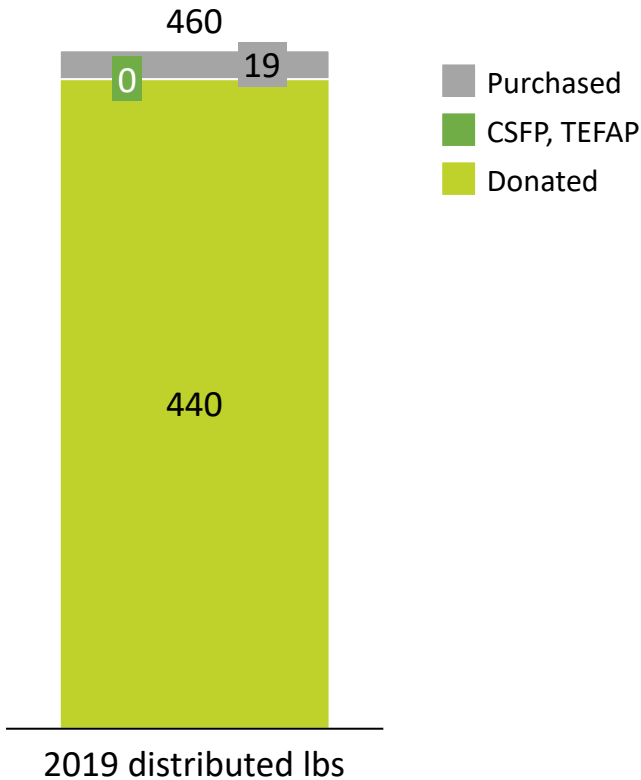
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Burnett, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 7.2%

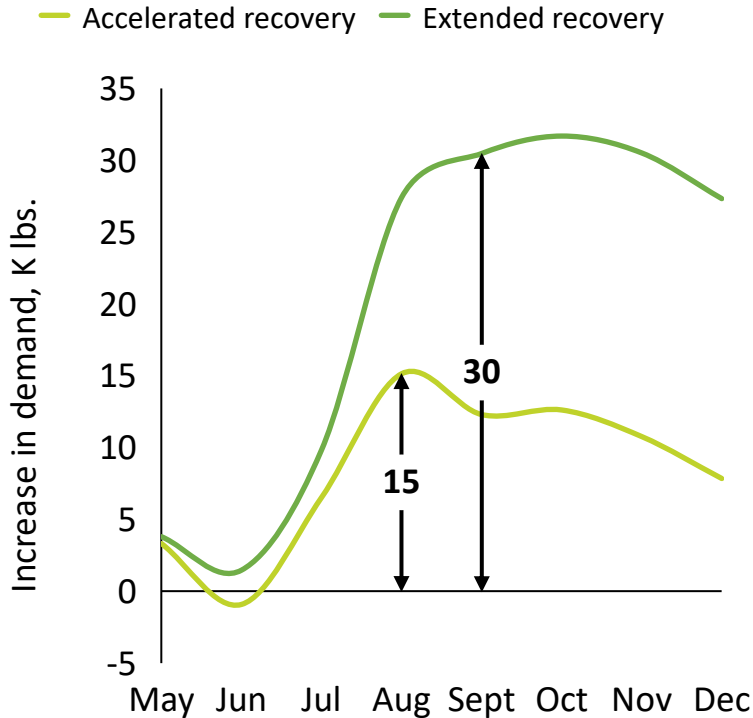
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 38 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 12.5% - 17.8%

May-Dec: 70 - 160 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

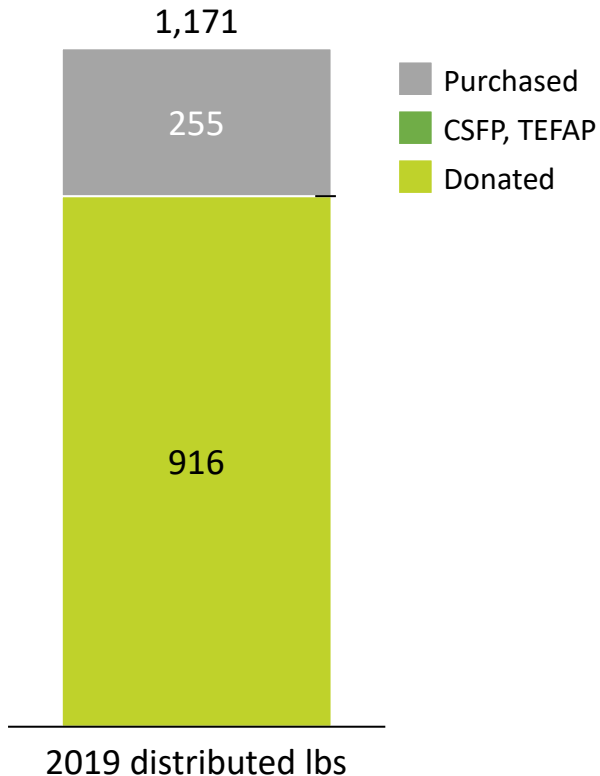
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Chippewa, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.4%

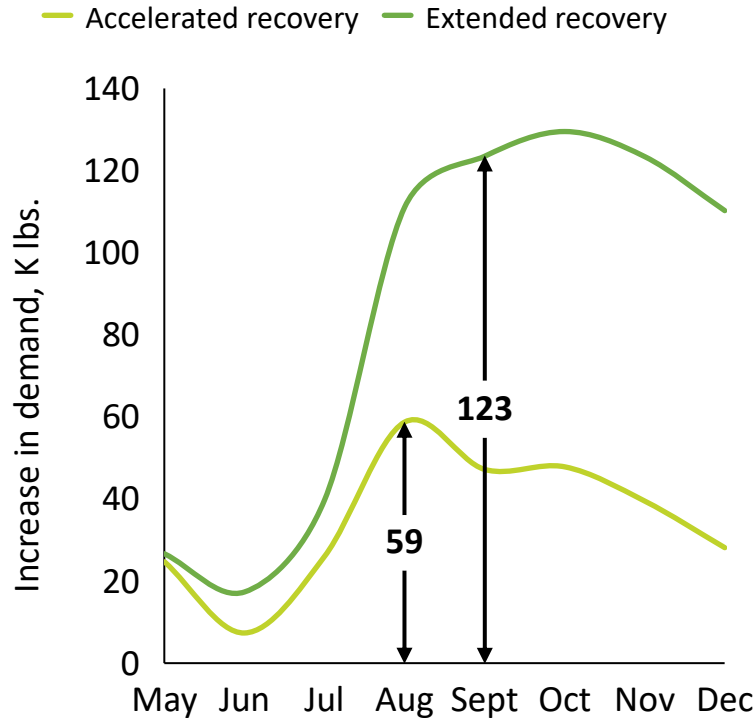
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 97 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.8% - 16.1%

May-Dec: 280 - 680 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

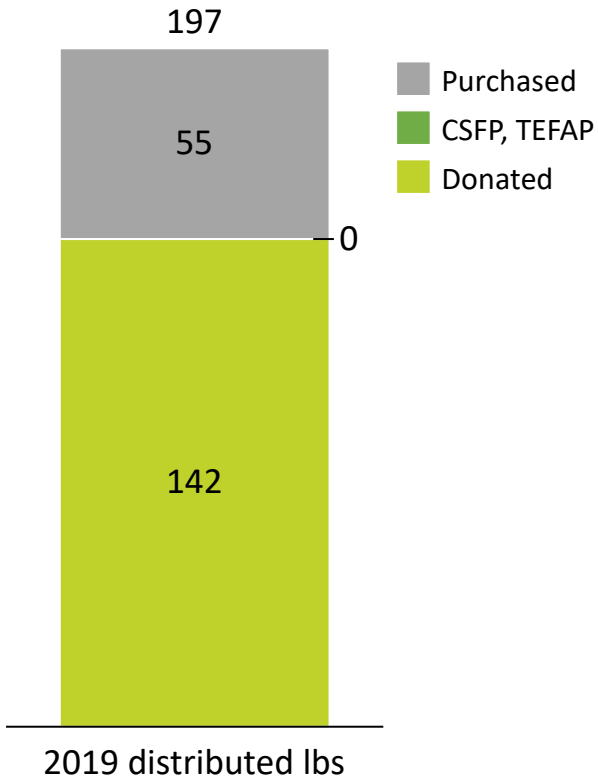
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Clark, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.3%

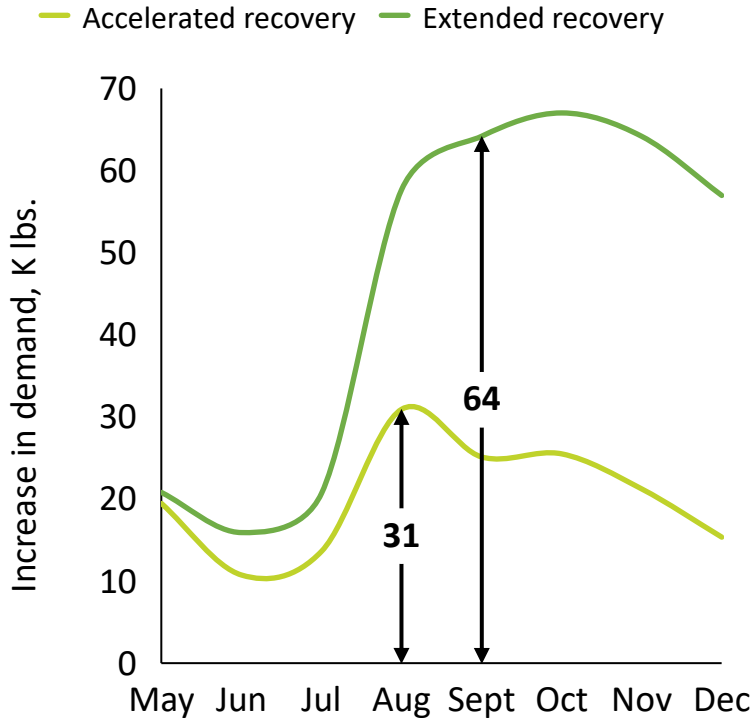
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 16 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 9.7% - 14.7%

May-Dec: 160 - 370 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

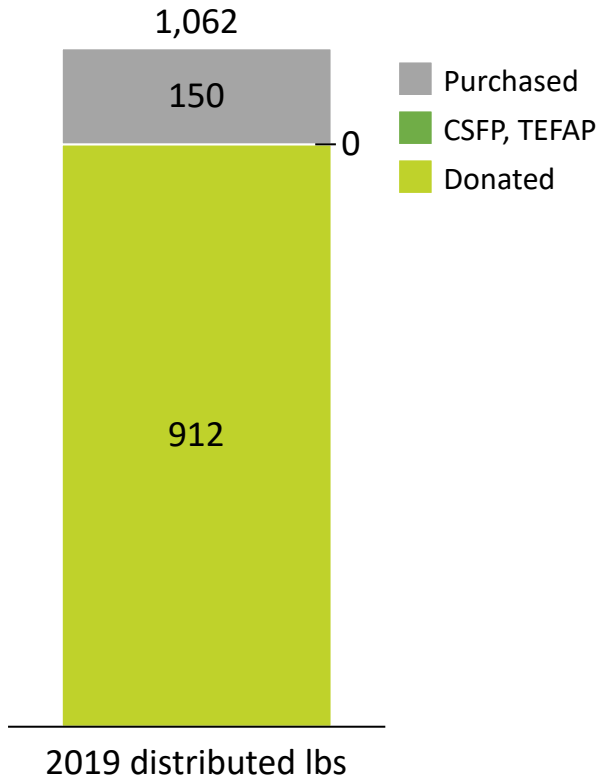
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Dunn, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.4%

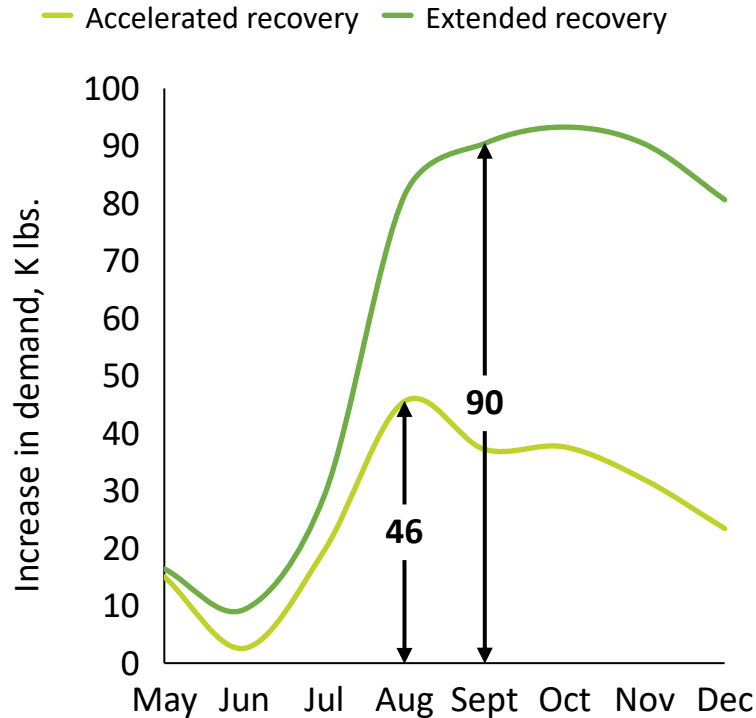
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 88 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.6% - 15.9%

May-Dec: 210 - 490 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

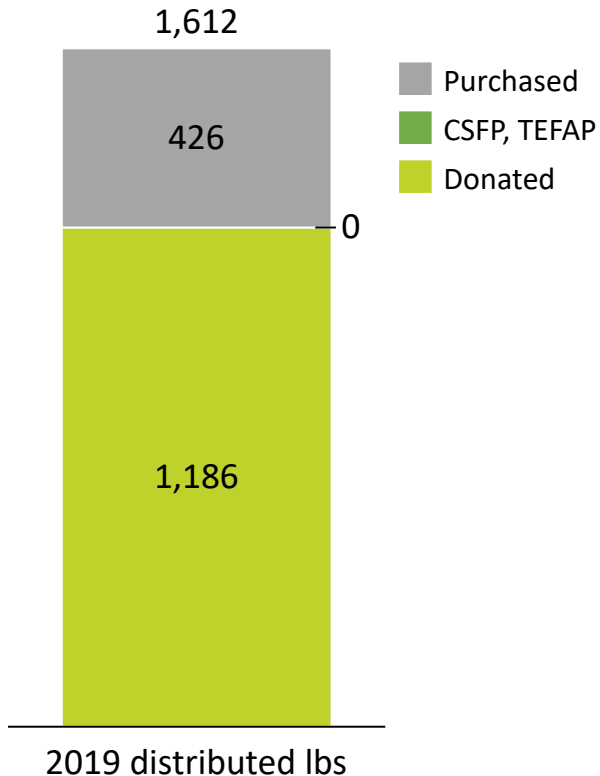
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Eau Claire, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.4%

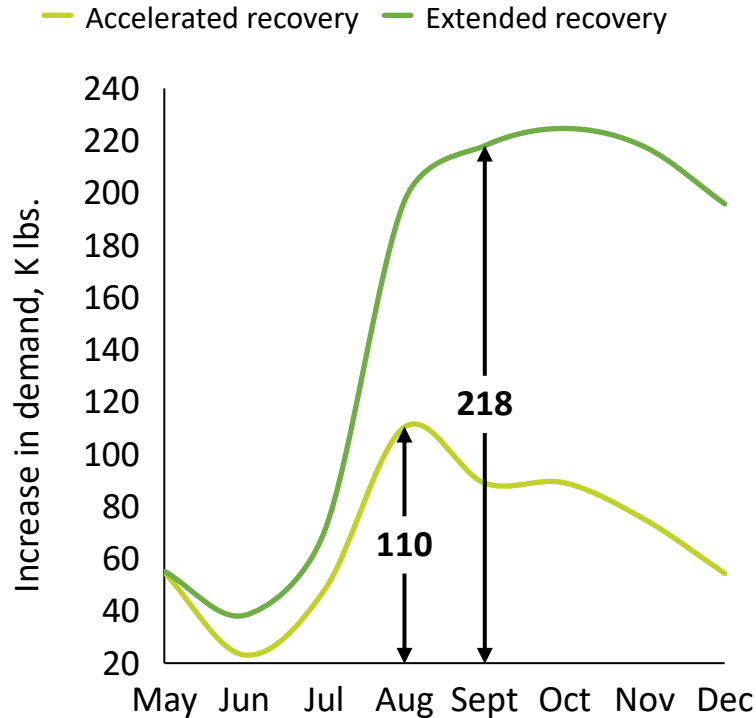
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 134 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.3% - 15.8%

May-Dec: 540 - 1,220 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

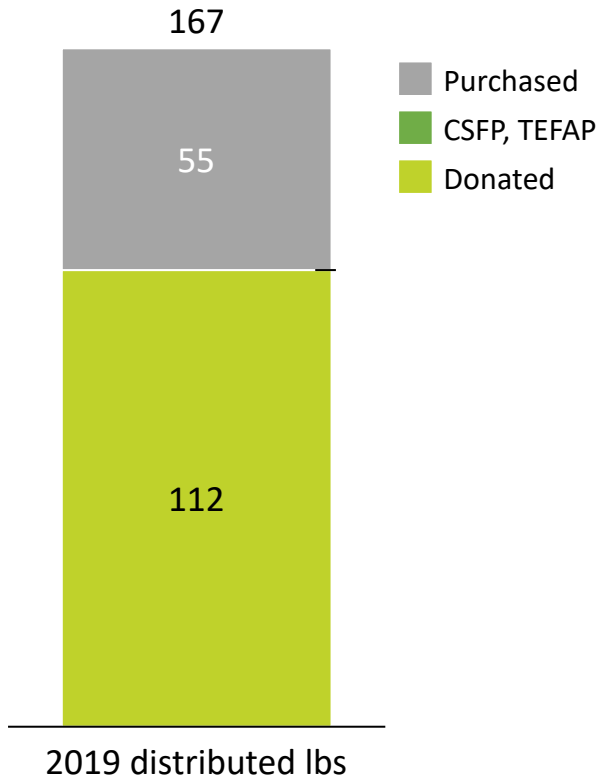
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Jackson, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.7%

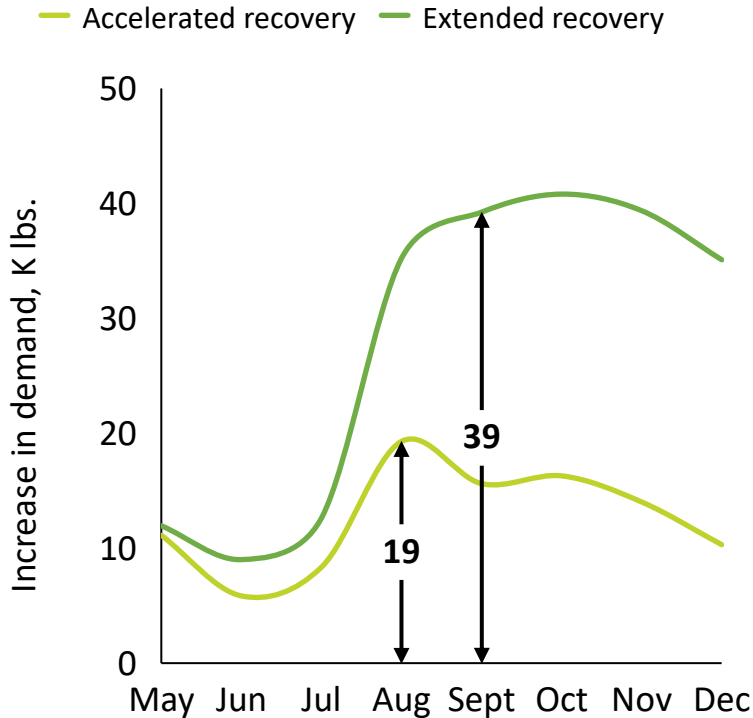
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 14 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.0% - 16.1%

May-Dec: 100 - 220 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

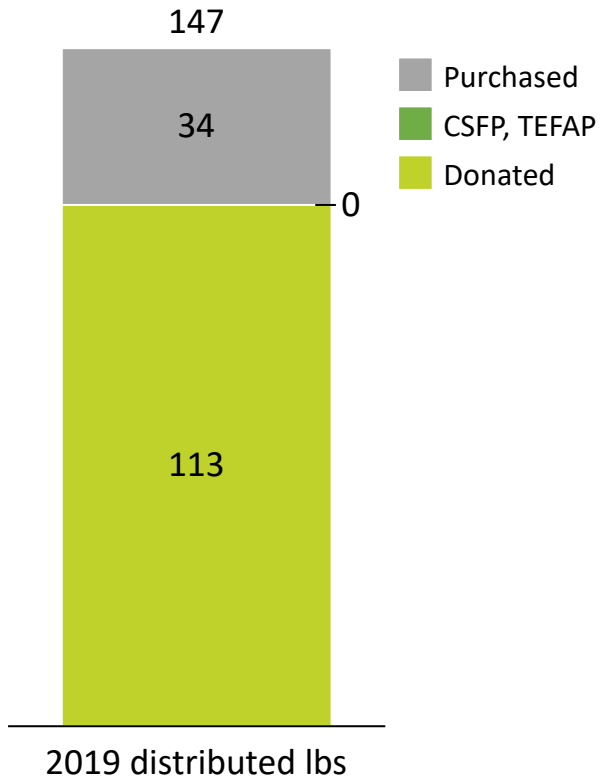
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Pepin, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.2%

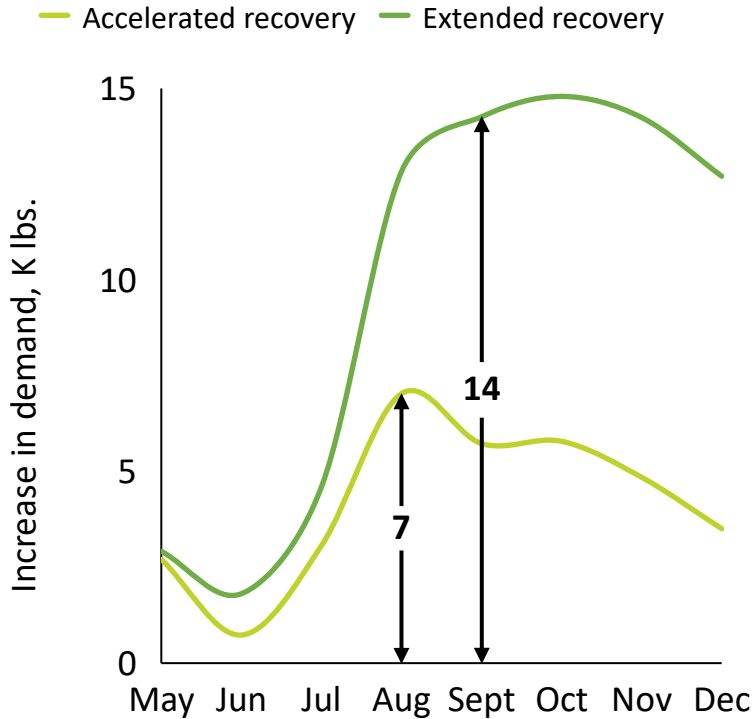
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 12 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.8% - 15.9%

May-Dec: 30 - 80 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

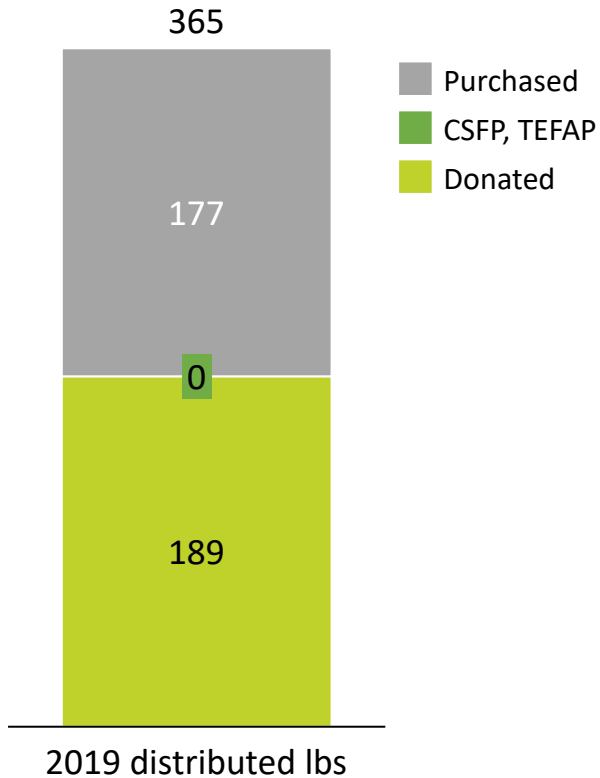
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Pierce, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 3.5%

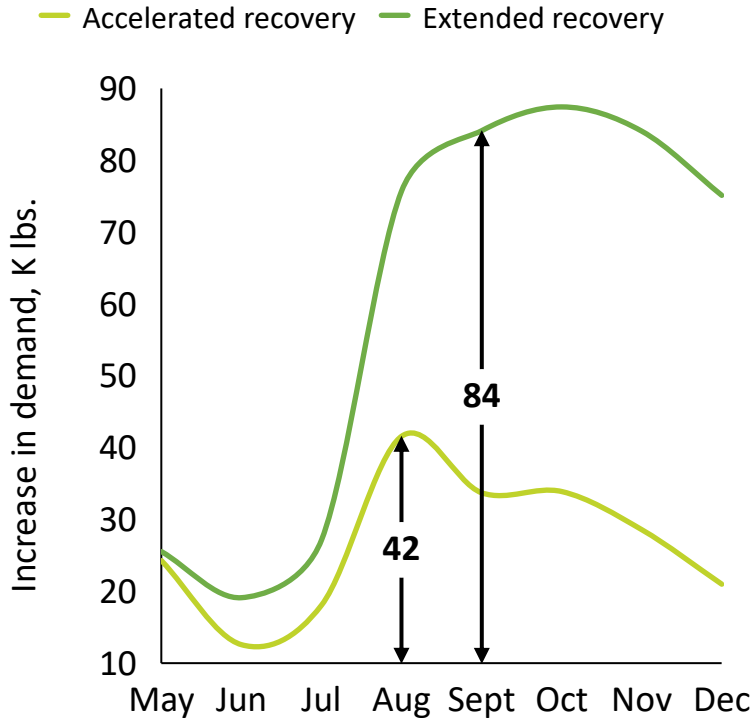
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 30 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.7% - 16.1%

May-Dec: 210 - 480 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

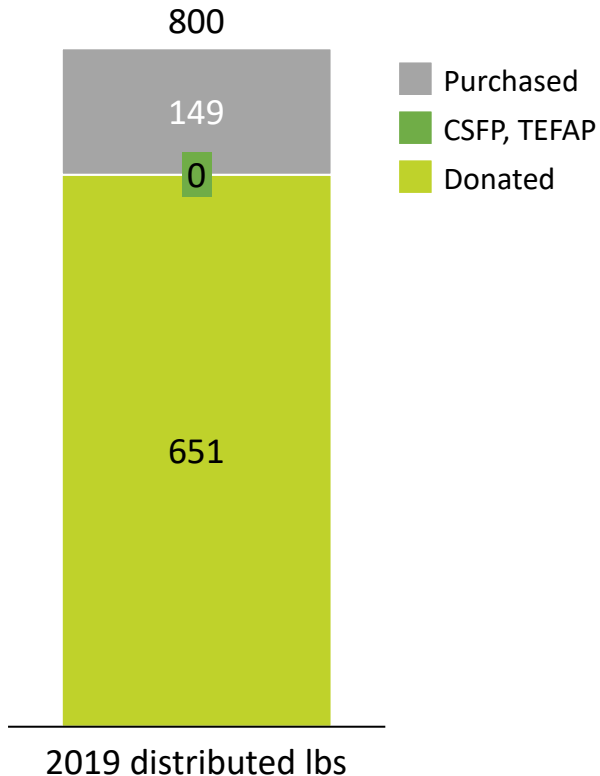
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Polk, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 6%

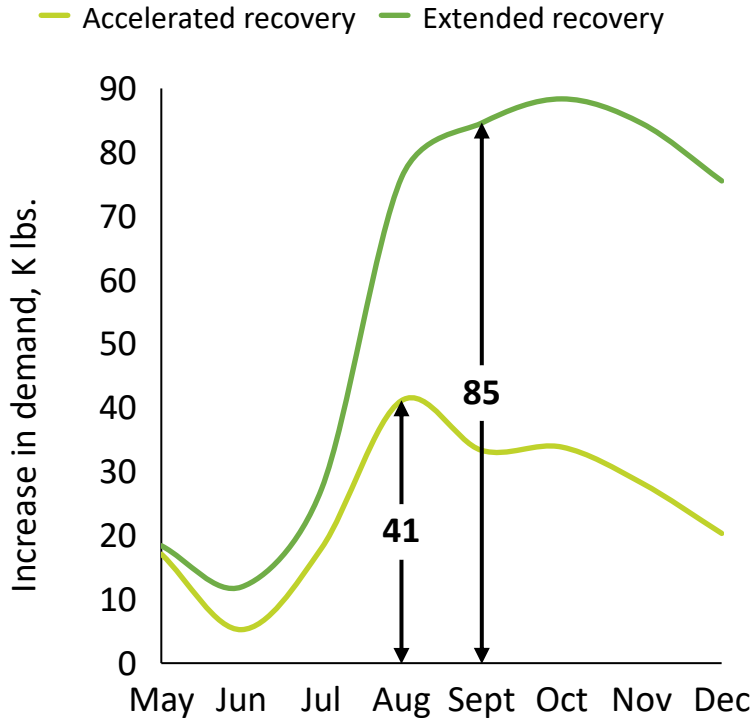
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 67 M lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.3% - 16.5%

May-Dec: 200 - 470 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

Call to action:

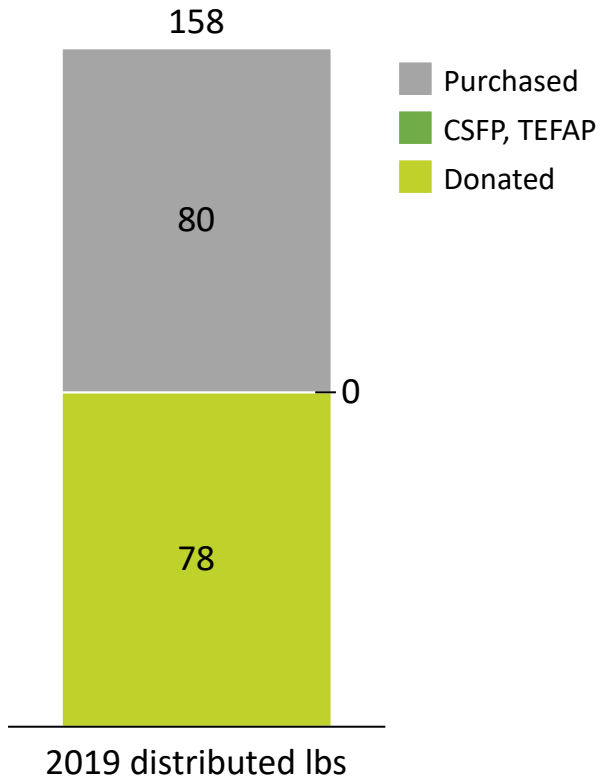
Food supply and demand overview

– Price, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.5%

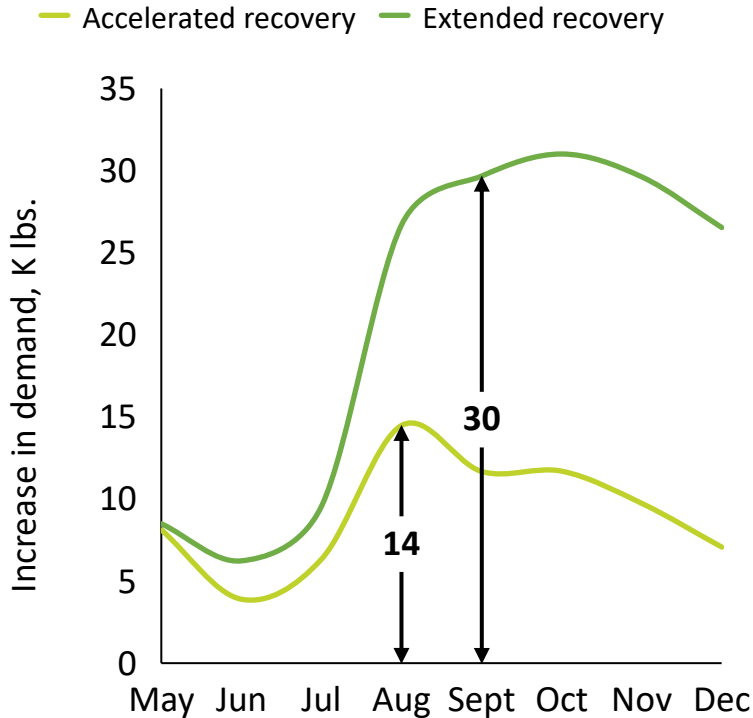
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 13 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.8% - 17.5%

May-Dec: 70 - 170 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

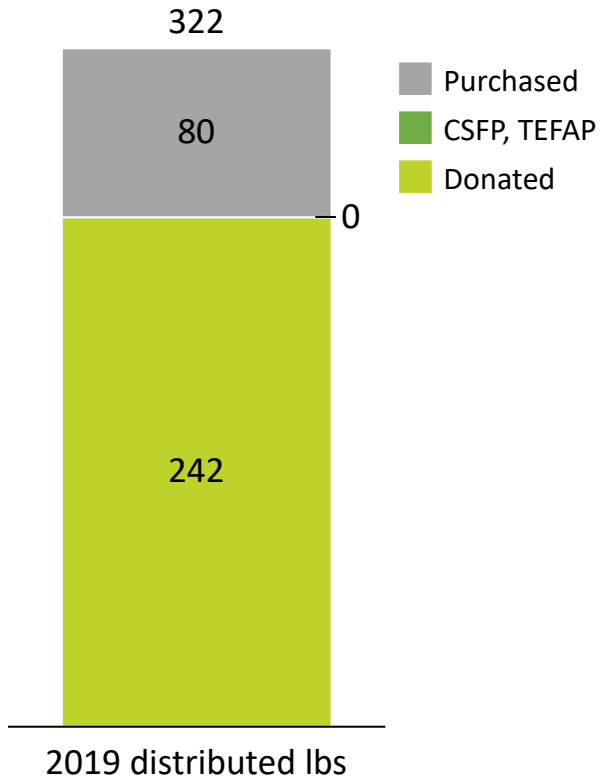
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Rusk, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 6.3%

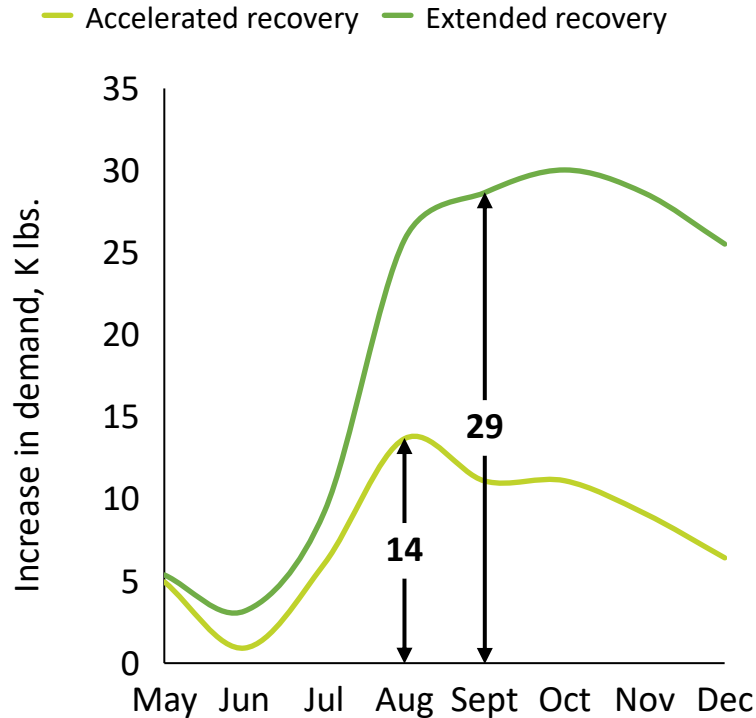
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 27 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.7% - 17.1%

May-Dec: 60 - 160 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

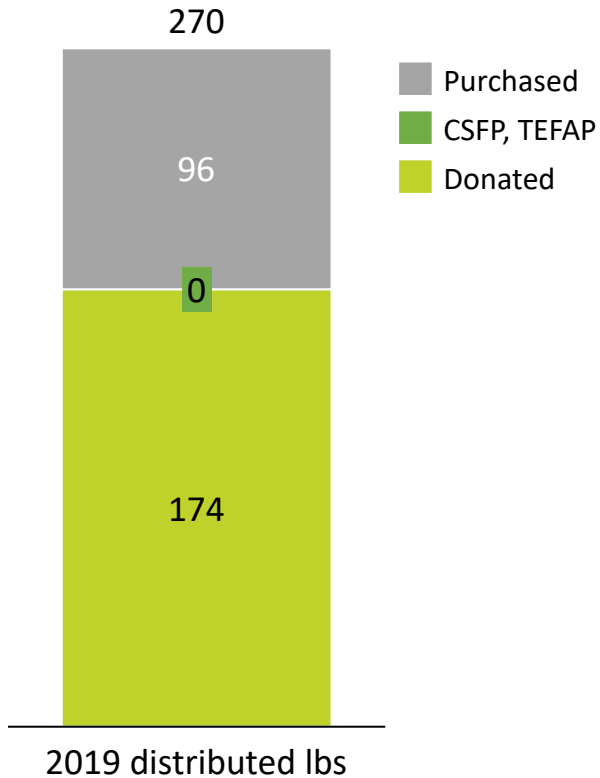
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – St. Croix ,WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.4%

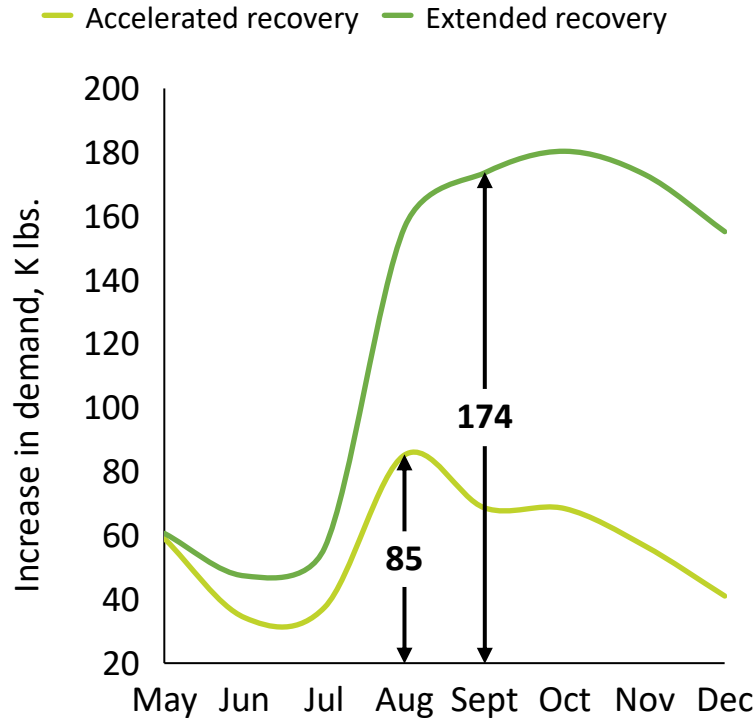
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 22 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.4% - 15.7%

May-Dec: 450 - 1,000 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

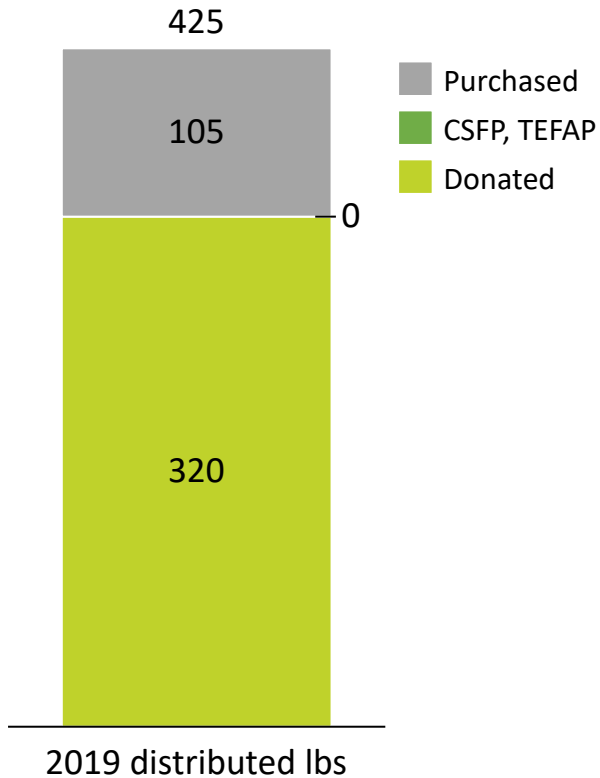
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Sawyer, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 6.4%

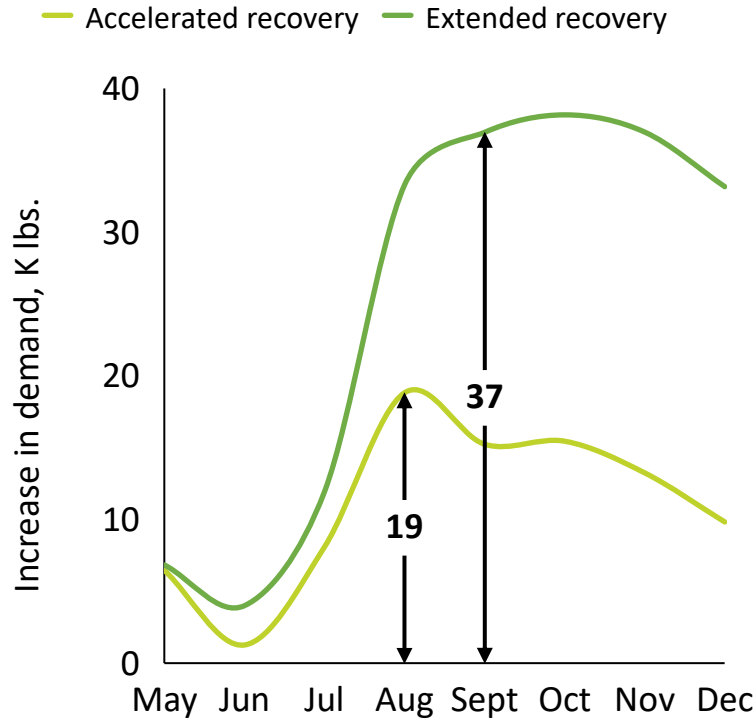
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 35 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 13.0% - 18.7%

May-Dec: 90 - 200 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

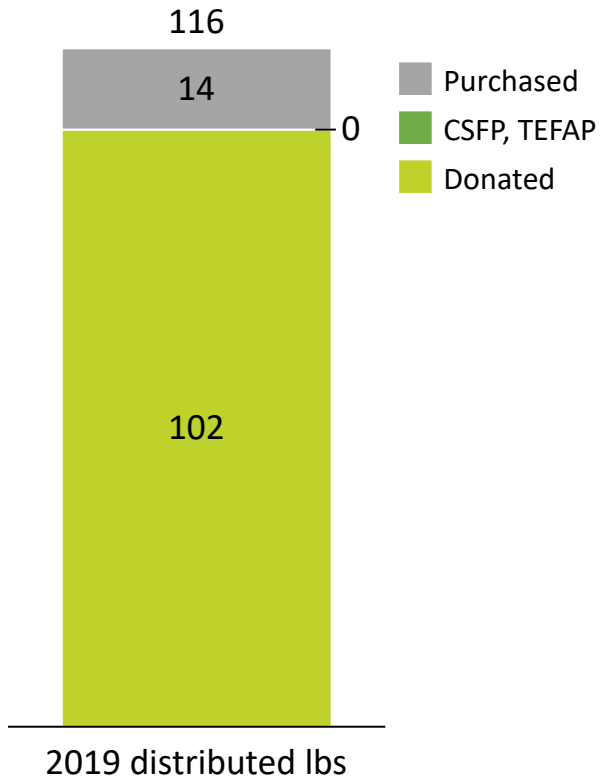
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Taylor, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.5%

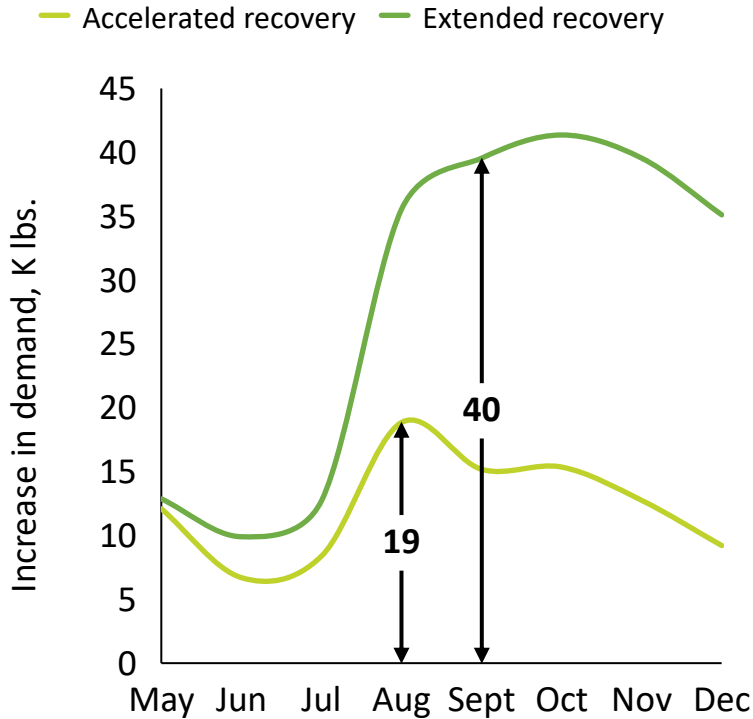
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 10 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.8% - 16.0%

May-Dec: 100 - 230 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

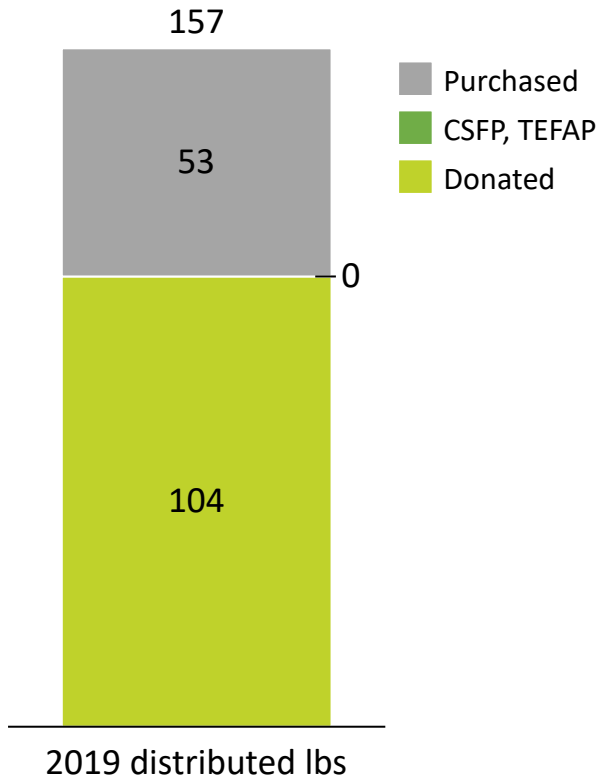
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Trempealeau ,WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 4.7%

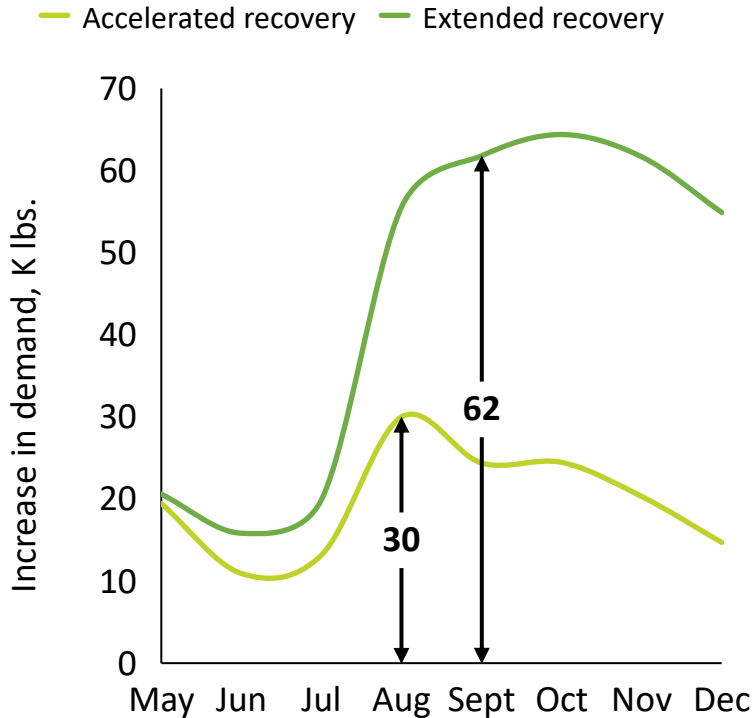
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 13 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 10.8% - 16.4%

May-Dec: 160 - 350 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

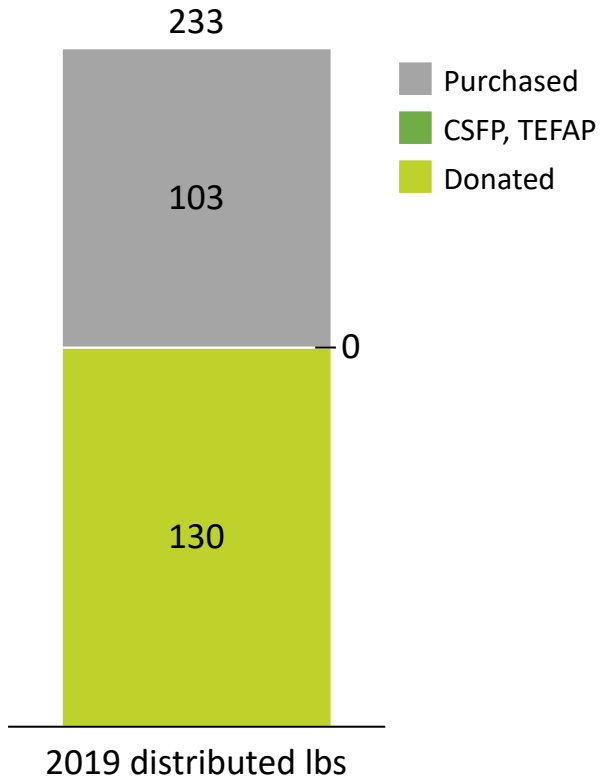
Call to action:

Food supply and demand overview – Washburn, WI

2019 Distributed pounds, K lbs

2019 unemployment rate: 5.5%

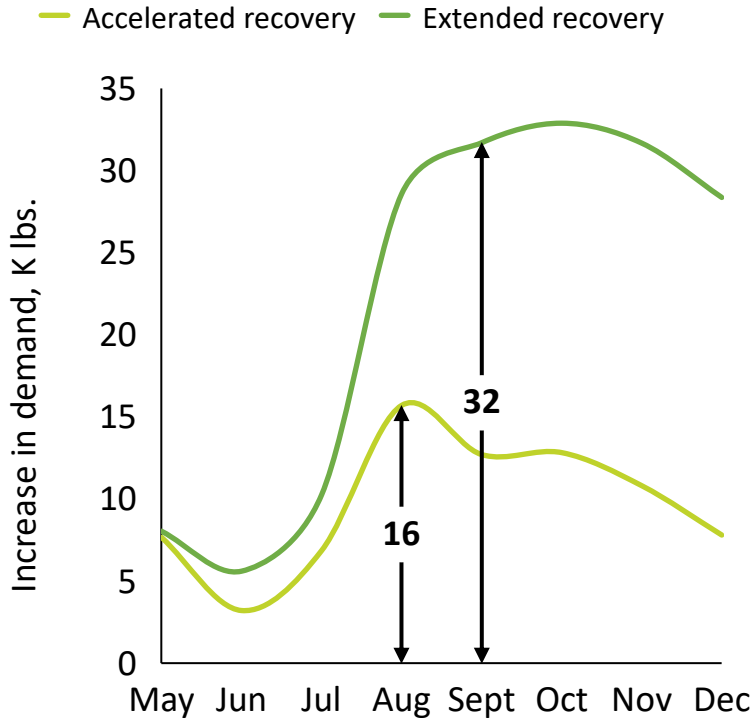
Average monthly distributed lbs.: 19 K lbs.



Potential increase in food demand (May-Dec 2020), K lbs.

Potential unemployment: 11.3% - 16.6%

May-Dec: 80 - 180 K lbs



Expanded CFAP, TEFAP, SNAP, and unemployment insurance benefits will help bridge the gap June-Dec; however this won't be enough to fully close the gap

We working on ways to close this gap and ensure the right mix is available

These actions include:

- Alleviating volunteer capacity constraints
- Identifying creative ways to increase food sourcing initiatives
- Exploring alternative hunger alleviation options

Call to action: